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## R8C/25 Group

## Clock Synchronous Serial Program Downloader

## 1. Abstract

This documents describes the clock synchronous serial program downloader for the R8C/25 Group.

#### 2. Introduction

The application example described in this document is applied to the following MCU and parameter:

- MCU: R8C/25 Group
- High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency: 40 MHz (typ)

The sample program may include operations of unused bit functions for the convenience of the SFR bit layout. Set the values according to the operating conditions of the user system.



#### 3. Program Downloader Overview

## 3.1 Downloader Specification

- The system program (including program downloader process) is allocated to block 0.
- The program downloader erases and writes mainly to the user programs in other than block 0 (a program downloader ignores to rewrite to block 0).
- EW0 mode is used for CPU rewrite by the program downloader.
- In a reset start, the program downloader checks the state of port P1\_6 and selects either to use the program downloader or the user program. (The program downloader operates when port P1\_6 is high, and the user program operates when port P1\_6 is low.)
- The virtual fixed vector table is allocated to block 1 to use the fixed vector table interrupt in the user program.
- The UART0 clock synchronous serial I/O is used to communicate with a programmer.
- An external clock (applied from the CLK0 pin) is selected for the transfer clock.
- CMOS output is selected for the TXD0 pin.
- Refer to 4. Downloader Communication Protocol for the communication protocol.

Figure 3.1 shows an example of a Connection, Figure 3.2 shows the Transfer Format, Figure 3.3 shows the Memory Map (32 Kbyte ROM MCU), and Figure 3.4 shows an example of the System Interrupt Operation (Overflow Interrupt).

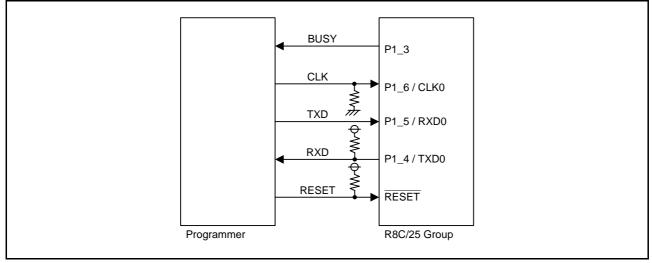
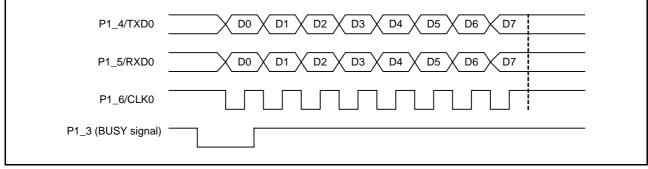
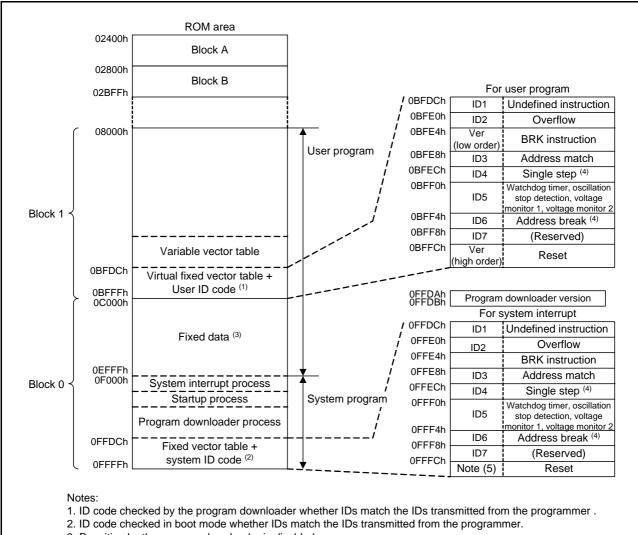


Figure 3.1 Connection









- 3. Rewriting by the program downloader is disabled.
- 4. Do not use these interrupts. These are for use with development tools only.
- 5. The setting value for the option function select register (OFS) can be set by a user.



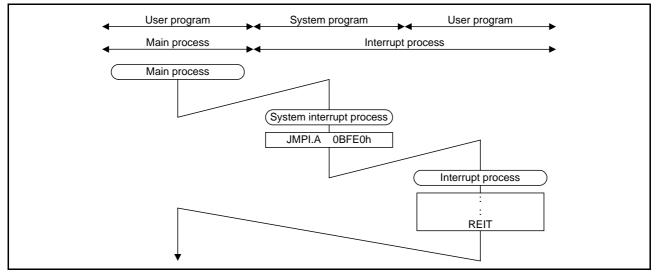


Figure 3.4 System Interrupt Operation (Overflow Interrupt)



#### 3.2 Timing after Reset

The operating program after reset chooses either the program downloader or the user program. The MCU enters either program according to the P1\_6/CLK0 pin level applied to the MCU during (1). Before reset is deasserted, a programmer must determine the input level of the P1\_6/CLK0 pin, and hold that level during (1).

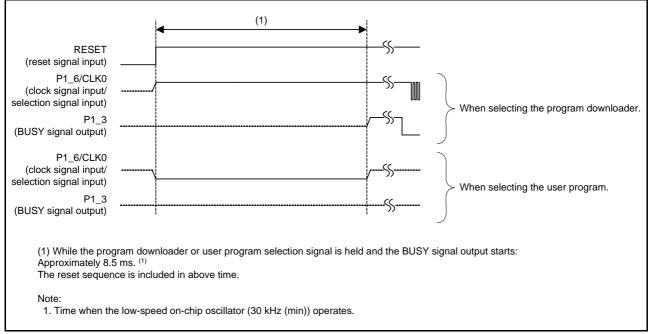


Figure 3.5 Signal Control Timing after Reset

## 3.3 BUSY Signal Output Timing from Clock Input

The BUSY signal output from the program downloader matches the transfer timing when communicating with the programmer and program downloader. Output the clock signal and start communication after the programmer confirms that the BUSY signal is low. Figure 3.6 shows the Timing until Timing between Transfer Clock Input and the BUSY Signal Becoming High.

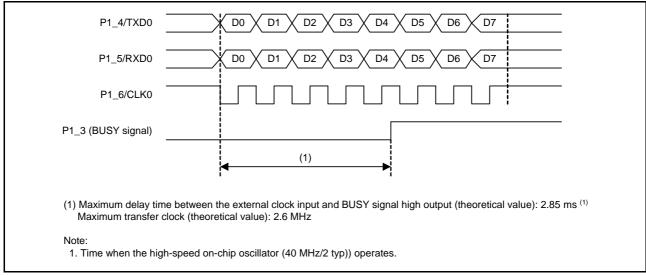


Figure 3.6 Timing between Transfer Clock Input and the BUSY Signal Becoming High



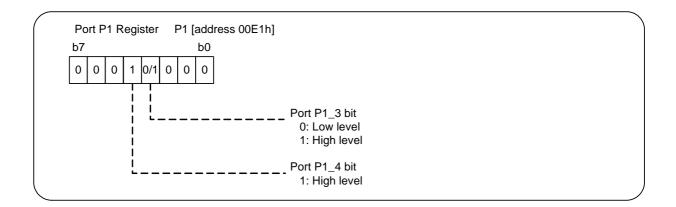
## 3.4 Initial Setting

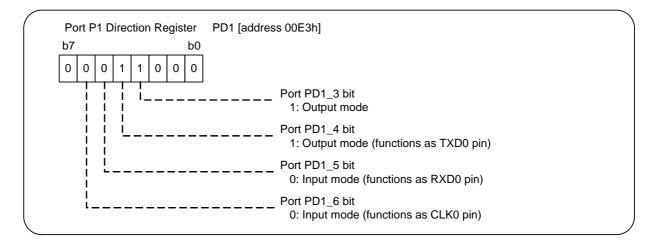
(1) Option function select register (OFS)

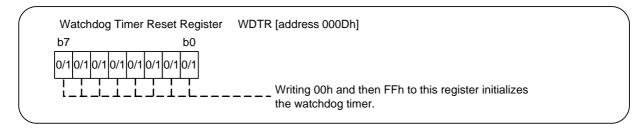
The OFS register is assigned to the highest-order address 0FFFFh in the fixed vector table. Set the OFS register by a program of the program downloader.

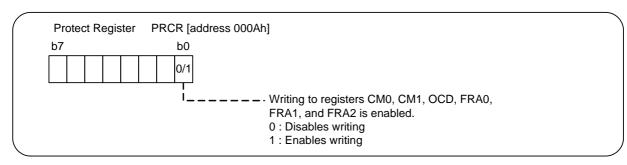


## 3.5 Registers

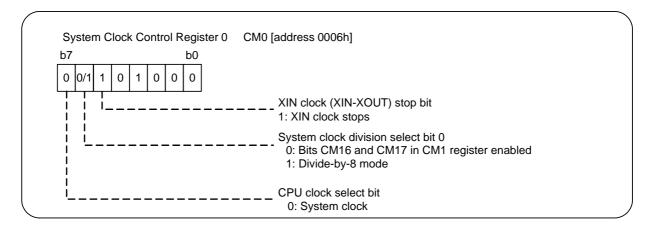


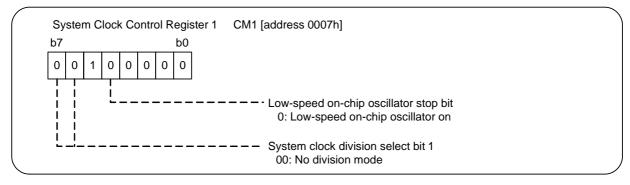


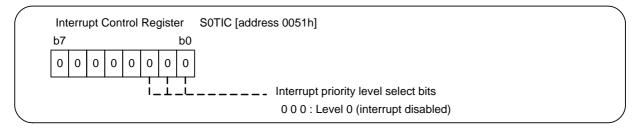


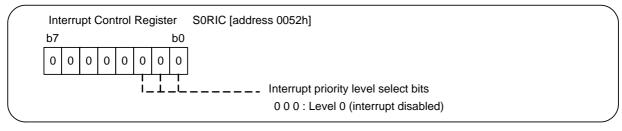




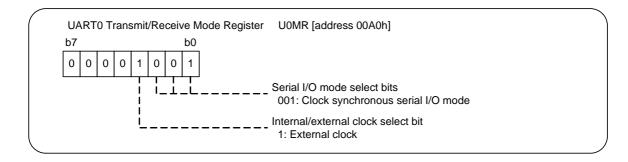


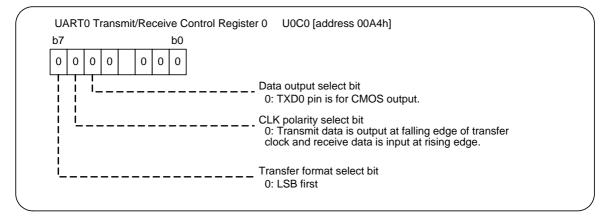


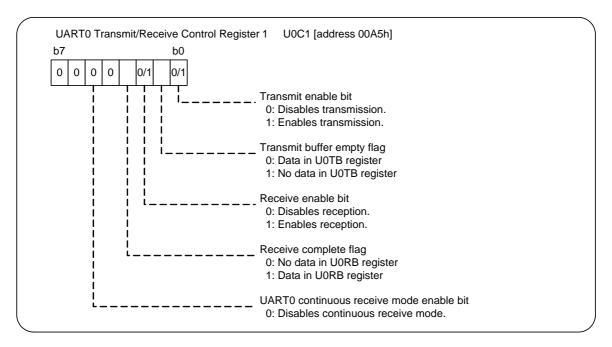


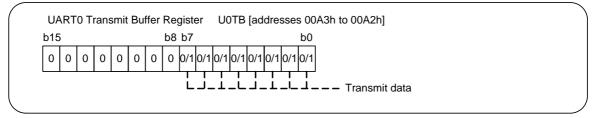




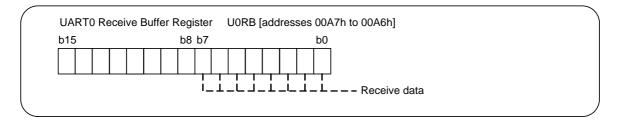


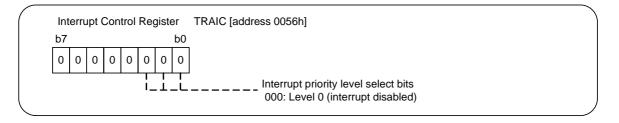


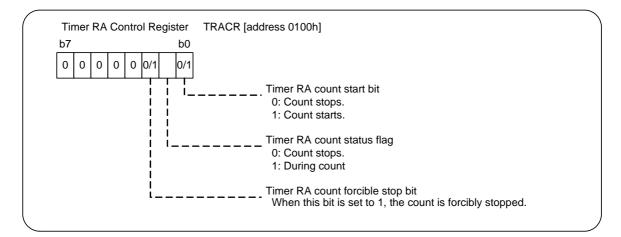


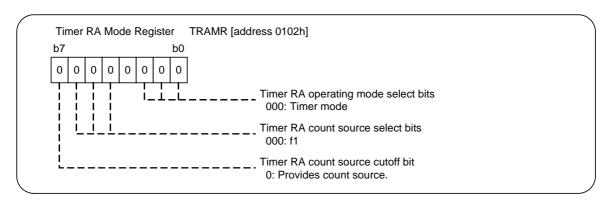


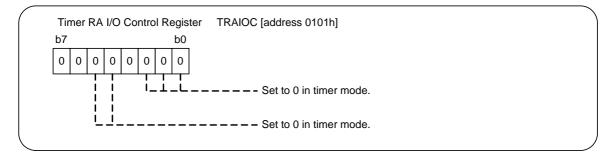




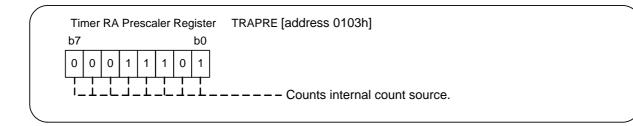


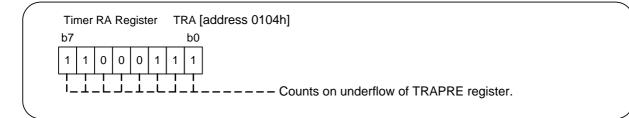


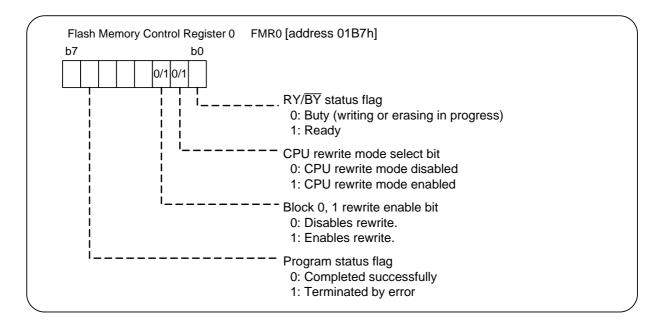














## 3.6 Memory

#### Table 3.1 Memory

Assigned Memory	Size	Remarks
ROM	1424 bytes	System program only (including fixed vector and variable vector table)
RAM	427 bytes	System program only

#### Table 3.2RAM and Definitions

Symbol	Size	Description
ram_execute	128 bytes	EW0 mode program area
status_flags	1 byte	Serial flag area
reset_blank	-	User program blank flag
srd1	1 byte	SRD1 register
srd08	_	SR8 bit
srd09	-	SR9 bit
srd10	-	SR10 bit
srd11	-	SR11 bit
srd12	-	SR12 bit
srd13	-	SR13 bit
srd14	-	SR14 bit
srd15	-	SR15 bit
srd	1 byte	SRD register
address	4 bytes	Address data
temp	32 bytes	Temporary (used with the stack area)
rx_data	2 bytes	Receive data
tx_data	1 byte	Transmit data
page_buffer	256 bytes	Page buffer

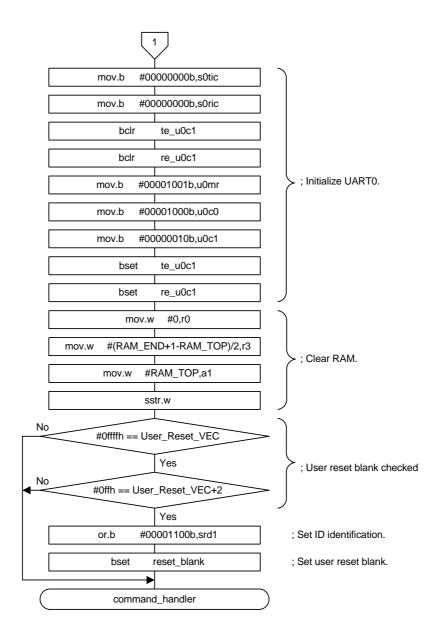


#### 3.7 Flowchart

(1) Startup handling

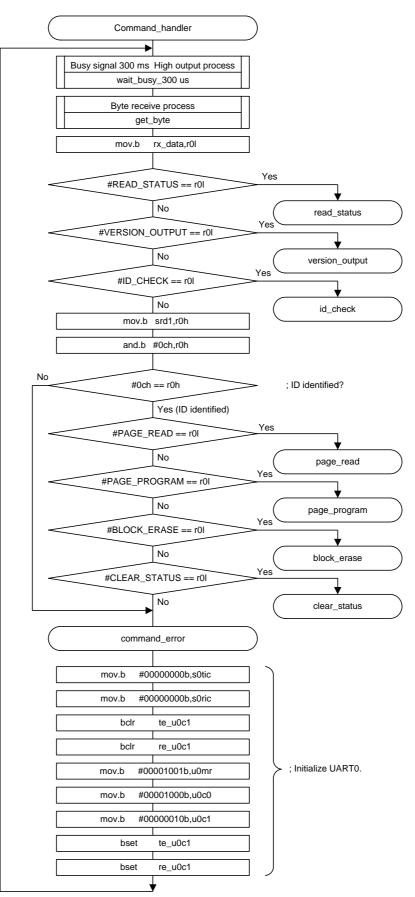
(	res	set	$\supset$			
	bclr	pd1_6	]	; Set port 1_6 input mod	е	
			No	(user program selected)		
<		loader selected?	>	(user program selected)		
		Yes (program downloa	ader se	lected)		Ļ
	ldc	#00h,FLG	]	; Initialize FLG.	(	User reset
	ldc #b	oot_stack,SP	]	; Set SP.		/
	ldc #	SB_base,SB	]	; Set SB.		
	ldintb #V	ECTOR_ADR	]	; Set INTB.		
	mov.b #0	l 0011000b,p1	]	; Initialize port P1.		
	mov.b #00	L 0011000b,pd1	]	; Set P1_3 output and P	1_4/TXD0	) output.
		timer reset	]			
	wdt_	reset	]			
	bset	prc0	]	; Disable system clock c	ontrol reg	ister protect.
	mov.b	#00h,fra2		; Set high-speed on-chip	oscillato	r divide-by-2 mode.
	bset	fra00	]	; Enable high-speed on-	chip oscil	lator on.
	mov.b	#0,r0l	]			
<		ation stabilizes	No >			
		Yes				
	inc.b	rOl	]			
	mov.b	#20h,cm1	]	; Initialize CM1 register.		
	mov.b	#28h,cm0	]	; Initialize CM0 register.		
	bset	fra01	]	; Select high-speed on-c	hip oscilla	ator.
	bclr	prc0	]	; Set system clock contro	ol register	protect.
	Watchdog	timer reset	]			
	wdt_	reset				
		1				
	$\backslash$	/				





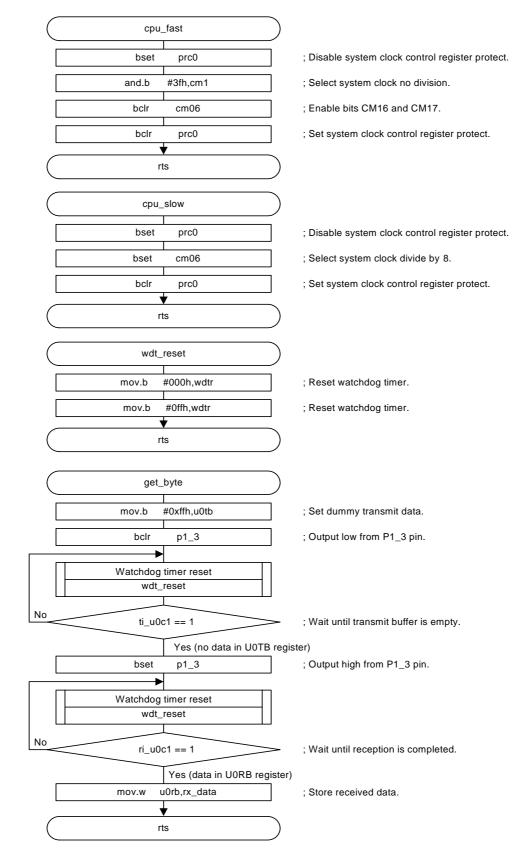


(2) Command handler



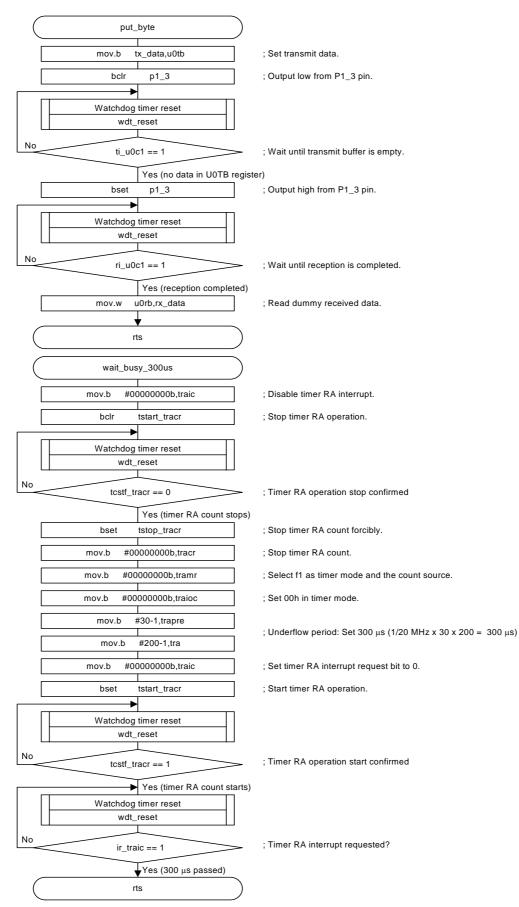


(3) Subroutine 1





(4) Subroutine 2



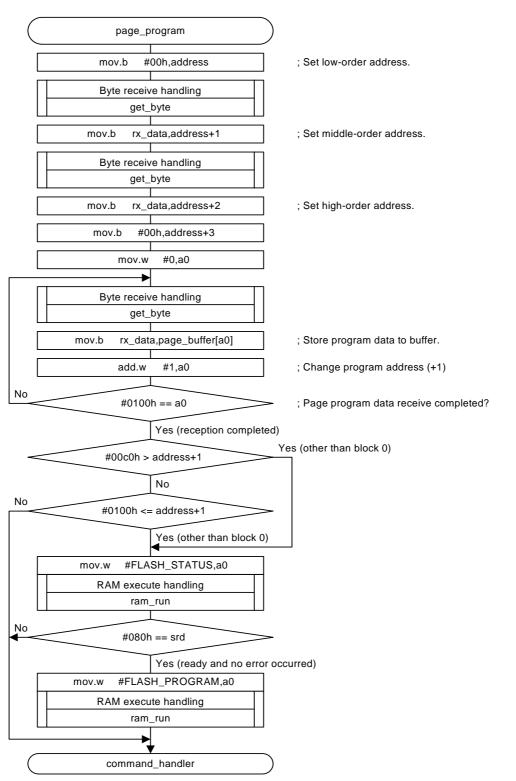


#### (5) Page read

(	page_read	
	mov.b #00h,address	; Set low-order address.
	Byte receive handling get_byte	
	mov.b rx_data,address+1	; Set middle-order address.
	Byte receive process get_byte	
	mov.b rx_data,address+2	; Set high-order address.
	mov.b #00h,address+3	
	Watchdog timer reset wdt_reset	
	mov.w address,a0	
	mov.w address+2,a1	
	lde.b [a1a0],tx_data	; Set read data as transmit data.
	Byte transmit handling put_byte	
	add.w #1,a0	; Change read address (+1).
	mov.w a0,r0	
No	#00h === r0l	; Page read completed?
	Yes (page read completed)	
	command_handler	

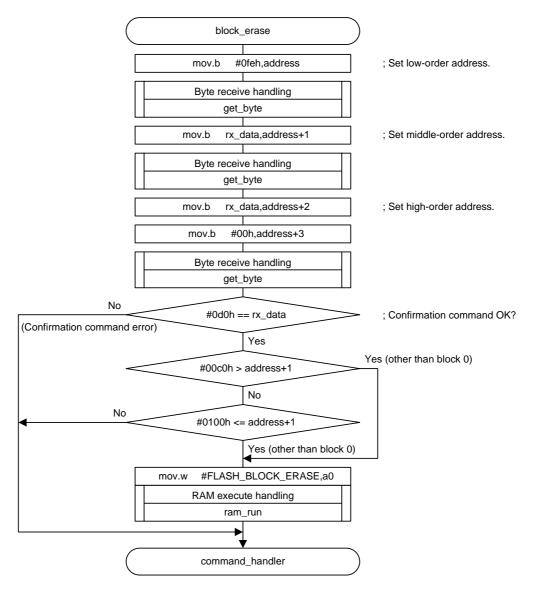


(6) Page program



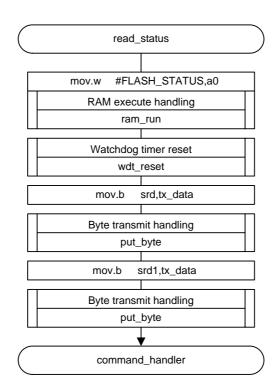


(7) Block erase

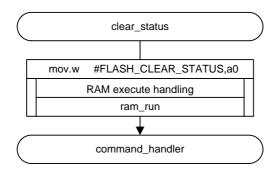




(8) Read status register

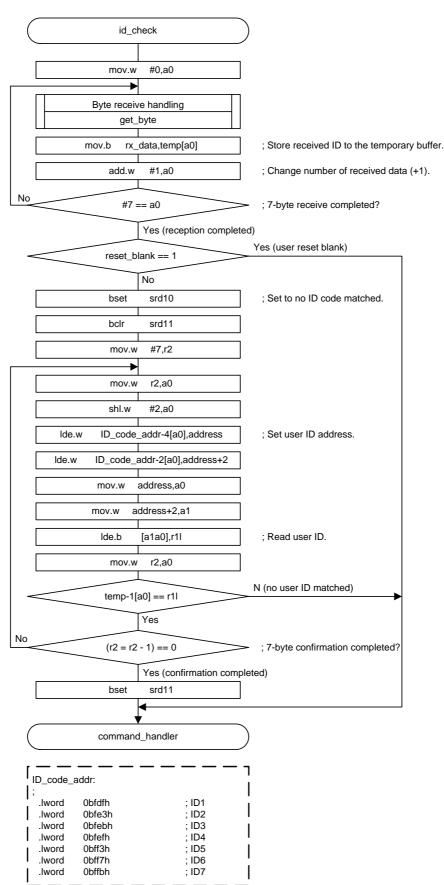


(9) Clear status register



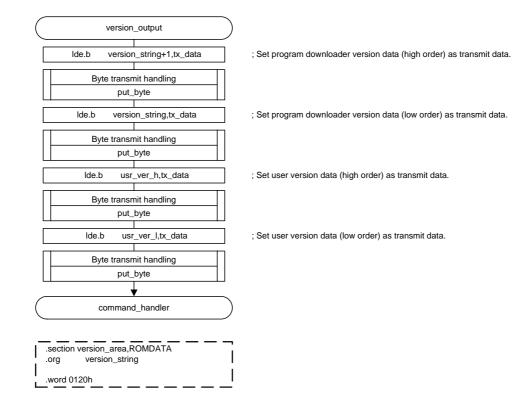


(10) ID check

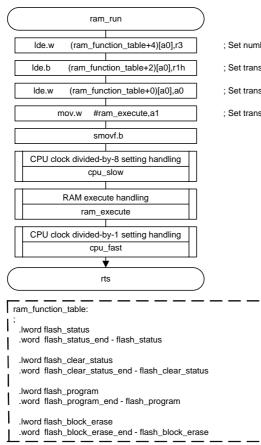




#### (11) Version output function



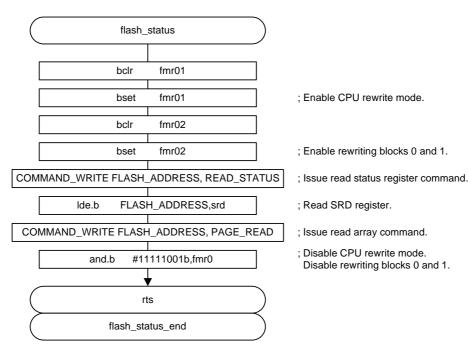
#### (12) RAM execute routine



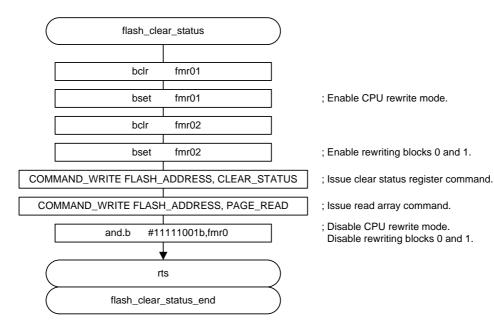
- ; Set number of transfer data.
- ; Set transfer source address (high order).
- ; Set transfer source address (middle order and low order).
- ; Set transfer destination address.



(13) Read status register to flash memory (execute in RAM)



(14) Clear status register to flash memory (execute in RAM)



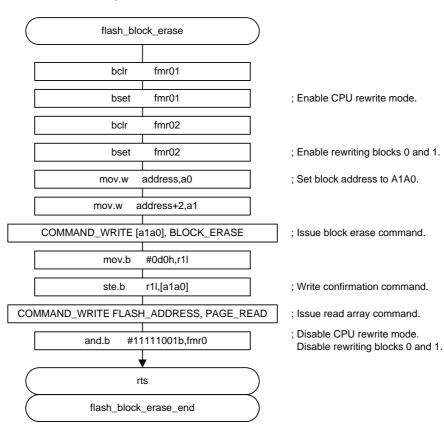


(15) Page program to flash memory (execute in RAM)

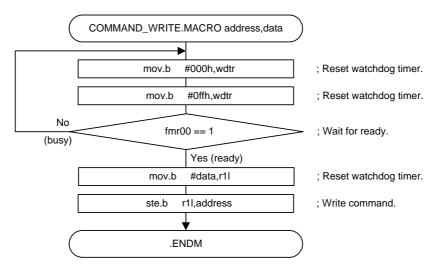
flash_p	program	)	
bclr	fmr01	]	
bset	fmr01	]	; Enable CPU rewrite mode.
bclr	fmr02	]	
bset	fmr02	]	; Enable rewriting blocks 0 and 1.
mov.w	address,a0	]	; Set program address to A1A0.
mov.w a	address+2,a1	]	
mov.w	/ a0,r2	]	
mov.w	/ #0,r3	]	; Initialize program data offset.
mov.w	r3,a0	]	; Set program data offset to A0.
mov.b pag	je_buffer[a0],r0l	]	; Set program data.
mov.w	/ r2,a0	]	; Set program addresses (middle order and low order) to A0.
COMMAND_WF	 RITE [a1a0], 040h		; Issue program command.
ste.b	r0l,[a1a0]	]	; Write program data.
COMMAND_WRITE FLAS	L H_ADDRESS, PAGE_RE	EAD	; Issue read array command.
fmrC	06 == 0	> <sup>No</sup>	; No program error occurred?
add.w	Yes (no program error c #1,r3	occurred)	; Set program data offset + 1.
add.w	,		; Set program address + 1
No #100	h == r3	>	; Page program completed?
and.b #1	Yes (page program cor ◀ 1111001b,fmr0	mpleted)	; Disable CPU rewrite mode. Disable rewriting blocks 0 and 1.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ts	$\mathbf{)}$	
>	gram_end	$\leq$	



(16) Block erase to flash memory (execute in RAM)

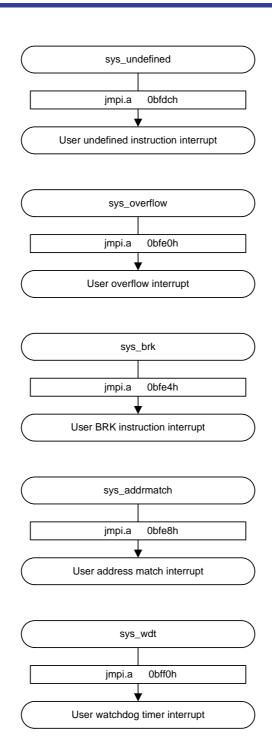


#### (17) Command write macro





(18) System interrupt







## 4. Downloader Communication Protocol

#### 4.1 Commands

## 4.1.1 Control Command List

Control commands are listed below.

Control Command	1 Byte	2 Bytes	3 Bytes	4 Bytes	5 Bytes	6 Bytes	7 Bytes or More	ID Unchecked
Page read	FFH	Middle- order address	High-order address	Data	Data	Data	Up to data	Not acceptable
Page program	41H	Middle- order address	High-order address	Data	Data	Data	Up to data	Not acceptable
Block erase	20H	Middle- order address	High-order address	D0H				Not acceptable
Read status register	70H	SRD	SRD1					Acceptable
Clear status register	50H							Not acceptable
ID check function	F5H	ID1	ID2	ID3	ID4	ID5	Up to ID7	Acceptable
Version information output function	FBH	•	ownloader sion	User v	version			Acceptable

SRD: Status register data

SRD1: Status register data 1

Notes:

- 1. The shadowed areas show a transfer from the MCU (program downloader) to a programmer, the rest shows a transfer from a programmer to the MCU (program downloader).
- 2. User program area blank product IDs are identified and all commands can be accepted.
- 3. The number of received data is not checked and the timeout error is not processed in the program downloader. When transmitting a command, make sure there is no excess or shortage of data.



## 4.2 Page Read

## 4.2.1 Operation

The page read command reads the specified user ROM area in the flash memory in units of 256 bytes. Specify the area to be read by the high-order addresses (A16 to A23) and middle-order addresses (A8 to A15). The target bytes are the 256 bytes from addresses xxxx00h to xxxxFFh.

## 4.2.2 Packet

	1st byte	2nd byte	3rd byte	4th byte	Up to 259th byte
	Command	Add	ress	Data	Up to data
Programmer to MCU	FFh	Middle-order address	High-order address		
MCU to Programmer				Data0	Up to Data255

Data0: Low-order address is 00h Data255: Low-order address is FFh

#### 4.2.3 Procedure

- (1) The page read command FFh is received at the first byte.
- (2) The middle-order address is received at the second byte and the high-order address is received at the third byte.
- (3) The content in the low-order address 00h is sequentially transmitted from the fourth byte.



## 4.3 Page Program

## 4.3.1 Operation

The page program command programs the data to the specified user ROM area in the flash memory in units of 256 bytes. Specify the area to be programmed by the high-order addresses (A16 to A23) and middle-order addresses (A8 to A15). The target bytes are the 256 bytes from addresses xxxx00h to xxxxFFh.

## 4.3.2 Packet

	1st byte	2nd byte	3rd byte	4th byte	Up to 259th byte
	Command	Add	ress	Data	Up to data
Programmer to MCU	41h	Middle-order address	High-order address	Data0	Up to Data255
MCU to Programmer					

Data0: Low-order address is 00h

Data255: Low-order address is FFh

## 4.3.3 Procedure

- (1) The page program command 41h is received at the first byte.
- (2) The middle-order address is received at the second byte and the high-order address is received at the third byte.
- (3) The programming data to the low-order address 00h is received from the fourth byte.

When the programming data is less than 256 bytes, transmit FFh for the shortage. When programming data is more than 257 bytes, the data at the 257th byte is considered to be the data in the next command. If an error occurs during programming, SR4 becomes 1 (program status ends in error).

# After executing this command, confirm the status of the flash memory with the read status register command.



## 4.4 Block Erase

#### 4.4.1 Operation

The block erase command erases a specified block area in the user ROM area of the flash memory. Specify a block area by the eight high-order bits (A16 to A23) and eight middle-order bits (A8 to A15) at a given address of the block to be erased.

## 4.4.2 Packet

	1st byte	2nd byte	3rd byte	4th byte	Up to 259th byte
	Command	Block address		Confirmation command	
Programmer to MCU	20h	Middle-order address	High-order address	D0h	
MCU to Programmer					

#### 4.4.3 Procedure

- (1) The block erase command 20h is received at the first byte.
- (2) The middle-order address is received at the second byte and the high-order address is received at the third byte.
- (3) The confirmation command D0h is received at the fourth byte.

After receiving the confirmation command D0h, erasing to the specified block starts. The erase operation sets the contents of the flash memory to FFh. If an error occurs, SR5 becomes 1 (erase status ends in error).

# After executing this command, confirm the status of the flash memory with the read status register command.



## 4.5 Read Status Register

#### 4.5.1 Operation

The read status register command confirms the operating status of the flash memory.

#### 4.5.2 Packet

	1st byte	2nd byte	3rd byte	4th byte	Up to 259th byte
	Command	SRD			
Programmer to MCU	70h				
MCU to Programmer		SRD output	SRD1 output		

SRD: Status register data

SRD1: Status register data 1

#### 4.5.3 Procedure

- (1) The read status register command 70h is received at the first byte.
- (2) SRD is transmitted at the second byte.
- (3) SRD1 is transmitted at the third byte.

## 4.5.4 SRD Register

Each Bit of SRD	Status Name	Definition			
	Status Name	1	0		
SR7 (bit7)	Sequencer status	Ready	Busy		
SR6 (bit6)	Reserved				
SR5 (bit5)	Erase status	Error	Completed normally		
SR4 (bit4)	Program status	Error	Completed normally		
SR3 (bit3)	Reserved	•			
SR2 (bit2)	Reserved				
SR1 (bit1)	Reserved				
SR0 (bit0)	Reserved				

(1) Sequencer status

The sequencer status shows the operating status of the flash memory. This bit becomes 0 (busy) during auto-programming or auto-erasing. This bit becomes 1 (ready) during auto-programming or auto-erasing.

(2) Erase status

The erase status shows the erase operating status. If an error occurs, this bit becomes 1. This bit is set to 0 when the clear status register command is executed.

(3) Program status

The program status shows the programming status. If an error occurs, this bit becomes 1. This bit is set to 0 when the clear status register command is executed.

Both SR5 and SR4 become 1 in the following cases:

• The command is not written correctly

• Data other than values which can be written to the second bus cycle data of the block erase command

(D0h or FFh) is written in the cycle to input the block erase confirmation command. When FFh is written, the MCU enters read array mode and the command is canceled.

(4) Reserved bit

When read, the content is undefined.



## 4.5.5 SRD1 Register

Each Bit of SRD1	Status Name	Definition					
	Status Name	1	0				
SR15 (bit7)	Reserved						
SR14 (bit6)	Reserved	Reserved					
SR13 (bit5)	Reserved						
SR12 (bit4)	Reserved						
SR11 (bit3)		00: Not	checked				
SR10 (bit2)	ID check	ot matched eserved necked					
SR9 (bit1)	Reserved						
SR8 (bit0)	Reserved						

(1) ID check

These bits indicate the ID check results.

(2) Reserved bit

When read, the content is undefined.



## 4.6 Clear Status Register

#### 4.6.1 Operation

The clear status register command initializes a status register. Initialize the status register before executing the erase or the page program to the flash memory.

## 4.6.2 Packet

	1st byte	2nd byte	3rd byte	4th byte	Up to 259th byte
	Command				
Programmer to MCU	50h				
MCU to Programmer					

#### 4.6.3 Procedure

(1) The clear status register command 50h is received at the first byte.



## 4.7 ID Check Function

## 4.7.1 Operation

This function compares the ID received from the programmer and the user ID code stored in the virtual fixed vector address. The ID check results are stored in SR11 to SR10 in the SRD1 register.

## 4.7.2 Packet

	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	Up to 8th Byte		
	Command	ID					
Programmer to MCU	F5h	ID1	ID2	ID3	Up to ID7		
MCU to Programmer							

#### 4.7.3 Procedure

(1) The ID check function command F5h is received at the first byte.

(2) ID1 to ID7 are received from the second byte to the eighth byte, respectively.

After receiving the ID, the ID check starts. However, a user program area blank product returns the wait state for the control command from the programmer without performing ID check. When ID1 to ID7 all match, SR11 to SR10 become 11b (verified). If any of the IDs do not match, SR11 to SR10 become 01b (verify not matched).



# 4.8 Version Information Output Function

### 4.8.1 Operation

This function transmits version information of the program downloader and user program.

# 4.8.2 Packet

	1st Byte	2nd Byte	3rd Byte	4th Byte	5th Byte	Up to 259th Byte
	Command	Version				
Programmer to MCU	F8h					
MCU to Programmer		Program downloader		User		

#### 4.8.3 Procedure

- (1) The version information output function command FBh is received at the first byte.
- (2) The program downloader version is transmitted at the high-order second byte first and then the low-order third byte.
- (3) The user program version is transmitted at the high-order fourth byte first and then low-order fifth byte.

### 4.8.4 Version Data

For the example shown below, the program download version is transmitted after 01h is set to the high order and 20h to the low order of the program downloader version, and 00h is set to the high order and 10h to the low order of the user version.

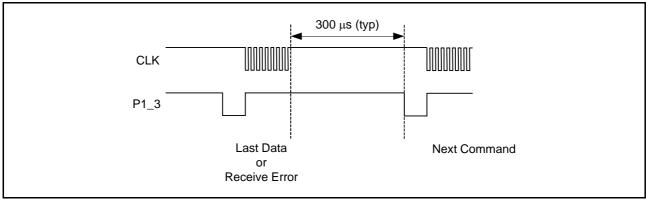
When the program downloader version is Ver.1.20 and the user version is Ver.0.10:						
Program downloader version data (in the bt_r825.a30 file)						
.org	version_string					
.word	0120h		; Program Downloader version (Ver.1.20)			
User version data (in the sect30.inc file for 6. User Program Example)						
User_Ver	.equ	0010h	; User version (Ver.0.10)			



# 5. Error Handling

# 5.1 Serial Transmit and Receive

(1) If the P1\_3 pin does not become low during a 300 µs period, the flash MCU is in a command wait state.
(2) If the received data does not match the first byte of the control command, the flash MCU determines that a receive error has occurred. After outputting high to the P1\_3 pin for 300µs, the flash MCU enters a command wait state.







#### 6. User Program Example

The program downloader rewrites the user programs other than the user program in block 0 according to the programmer. An example of the user program is shown below.

#### 6.1 Function

The LEDs connected to the I/O ports P2\_7 to P2\_4 light.

### 6.2 Memory Map

Figure 6.1 shows a Memory Map of User Program.

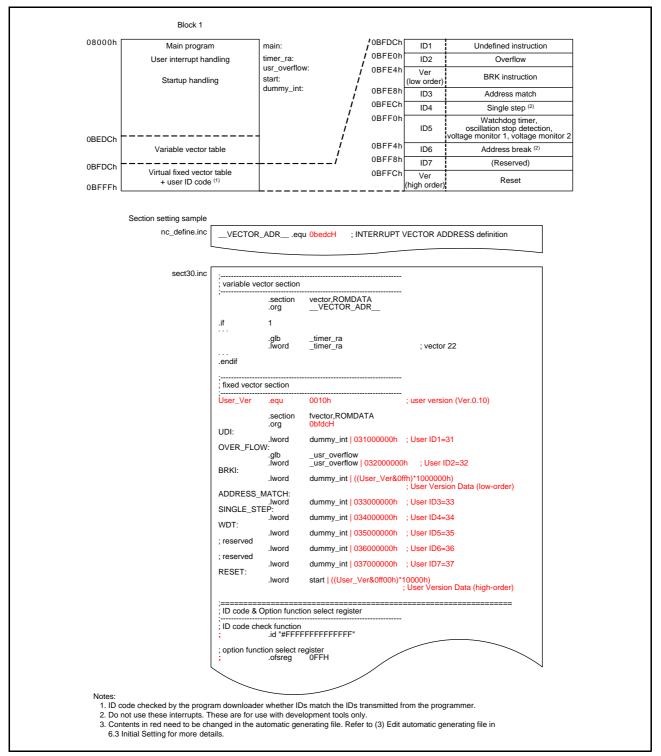


Figure 6.1 Memory Map of User Program



### 6.3 Initial Setting

#### (1) Vector table

Allocate the virtual fixed vector table to block 1 to use an interrupt by a user program.

#### (2) ID code

Set an ID code in the virtual fixed vector table. Do not opt to generate an ID code file when compiling.

(3) Edit automatic generating file

When the project type is made in the Application and the initial setting file is automatically generated by the High-performance Embedded Workshop (HEW), change the sect30.inc file and nc\_define.inc file as follows (see Figure 6.1):

- Change the allocation address of the locatable table to 0BEDCh, and the virtual fixed vector table to 0BFDCh.
- Set an additional ID code to the virtual fixed vector table.
- Add the symbol definition of the user version data and user version data setting to the virtual fixed vector table.
- Comment out the assembler expansion function direction instructions ".ID" (set an ID code) and ".OFSREG" (set a value to the OFS register).



# 7. Programmer Example

# 7.1 Control Pins

(1) Pins TXD, RXD, and CLK

These pins are for transmitting and receiving in clock synchronous serial I/O mode. The CLK pin is shared with the selection pin of the program downloader or the user program.

#### (2) P1\_3 pin

This pin is the BUSY signal for the transmit and receive control.

#### (3) $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin

This pin controls an MCU reset from the programmer.

#### (4) Pins VCC and VSS

Adjust high level from the programmer to the MCU's VCC level and low level from the programmer to the MCU's VSS level, respectively.

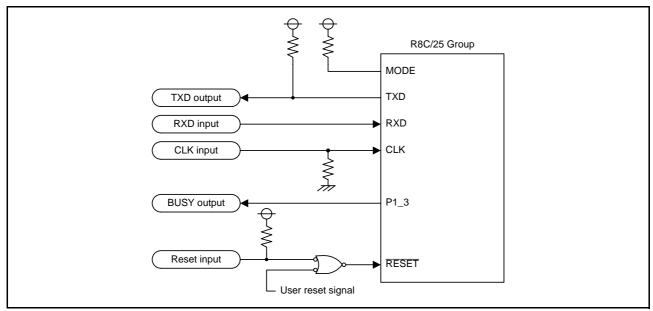


Figure 7.1 Programmer Configuration



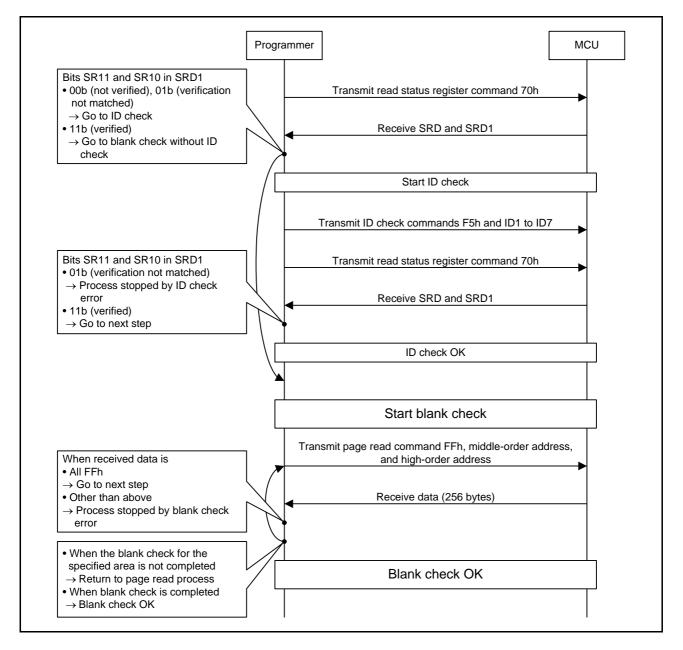
# 7.2 Programmer Functions

This section explains the functions necessary for the programmer.

- Blank Check
- Erase
- Program
- Verify
- Read

# 7.3 Blank Check

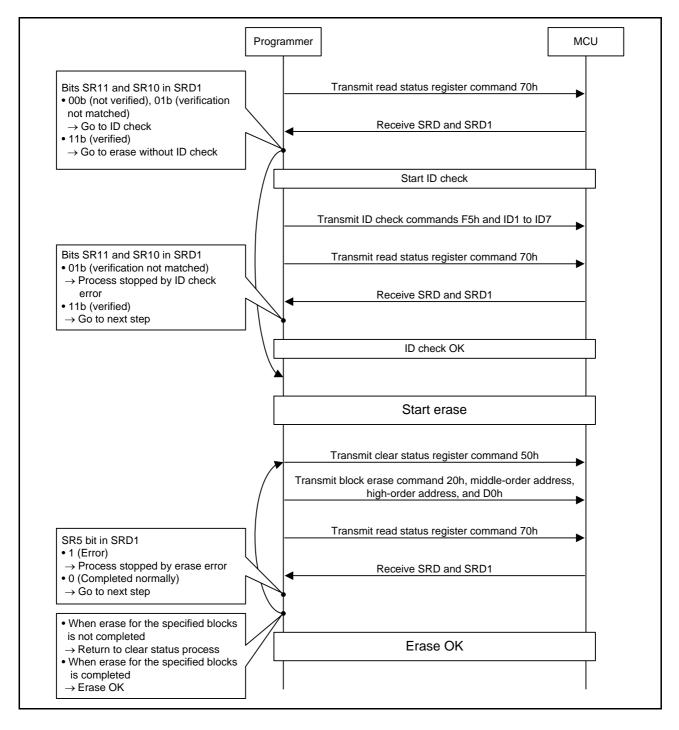
Data (program) in the specified area automatically or manually is read from the MCU's on-chip flash memory. The programmer confirms that all read data is blank (FFh).





# 7.4 Erase

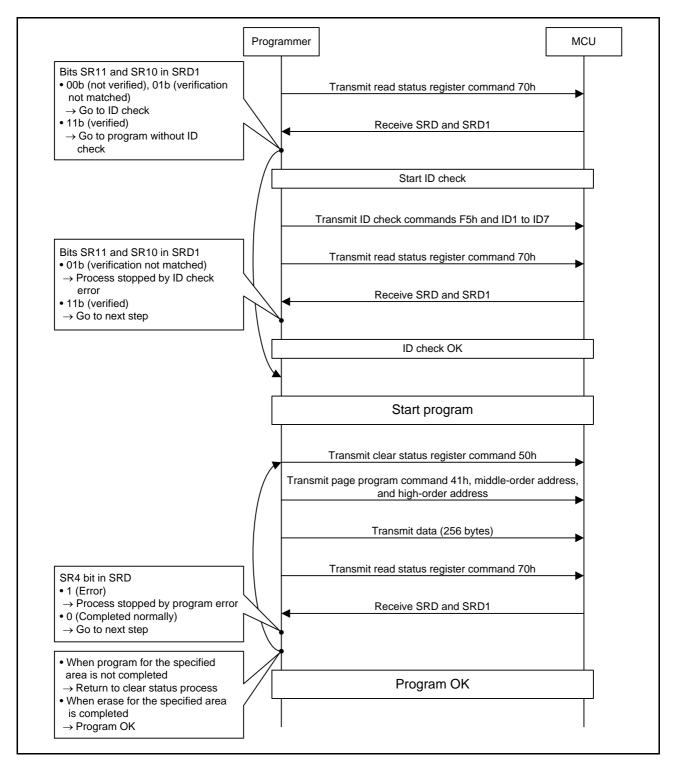
Data (program) in the MCU's specified on-chip flash memory blocks automatically or manually is erased.





# 7.5 Program

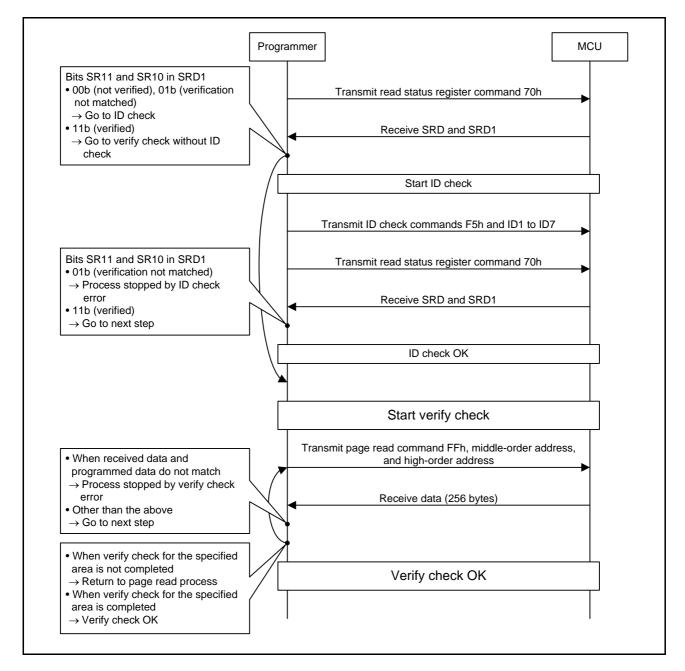
Data (program) in the MCU's specified on-chip flash memory area automatically or manually is programmed.





# 7.6 Verify

Data (program) in the specified area automatically or manually is read from the MCU's on-chip flash memory. The programmer compares the read data with the memory data (program) in the programmer to confirm that they match.

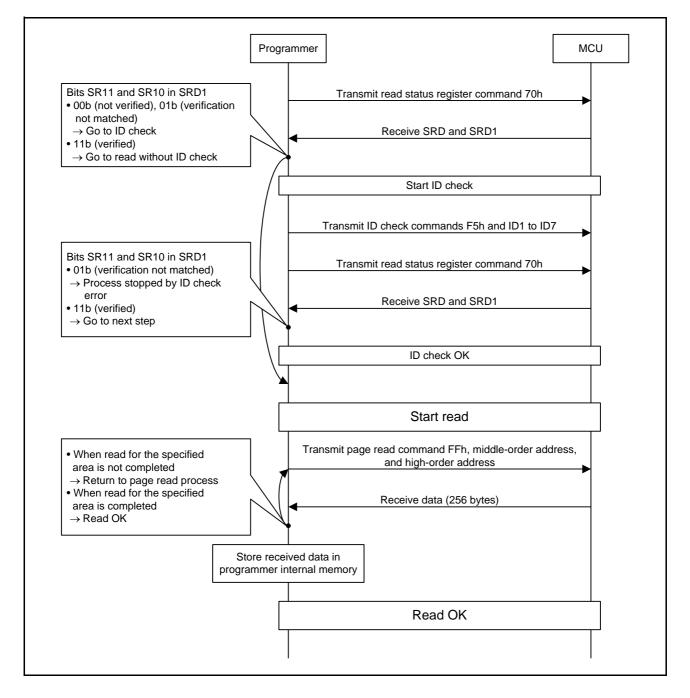




# 7.7 Read

This function allows reading the data (program) in the automatically or manually specified area from the MCU with on-chip flash memory.

The programmer stores the read data in its internal memory





#### 8. Sample Programming Code

A sample program can be downloaded from the Renesas Technology website. To download, click "Application Notes" in the left-hand side menu on the R8C Family top page.

#### 9. Reference Documents

Hardware Manual R8C/25 Group Hardware Manual The latest version can be downloaded from the Renesas Technology website.

Technical News/Technical Update The latest information can be downloaded from the Renesas Technology website.



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# **REVISION HISTORY**

# R8C/25 Group Clock Synchronous Serial Program Downloader

Rev. Date	Description			
	Page	Summary		
1.00	May 15, 2008	-	First Edition issued	
1.10	1.10 Nov 05, 2008		Table 3.1 Memory; ROM size revised	
		6	(1) Startup handling; P1_6 direction register setting added	
		8 to 9	Comments for the flowcharts revised	
		11	(6) Page program; Writing method of the flowchart revised	
		12	(7) Block erase; Writing method of the flowchart revised	
		14	(10) ID check; Setting value for the ID code address "addr-3" $\rightarrow$ "addr-2"	
		15	<ul> <li>(12) RAM execute routine;</li> <li>"CPU clock divided-by-4 setting process" →</li> <li>"CPU clock divided-by-8 setting process"</li> </ul>	
		18	(17) Command write macro added	
		19	(18) System interrupt added	
		23	4.3.3 Procedure; "SR5 becomes 0" → "SR5 becomes 1"	
		27	4.7 ID Check Function added	
		28	4.8 Version Information Output Function added	
		30	Figure 6.1 Memory Map of User Program; Memory map revised	
		-	Sample program revised Sample program in the 6. User Program Example added	
1.20	Dec 21, 2009	2	Downloader specification changed A pull-down resistor added to Figure 3.1.	
		4	Figure 3.2 Timing after Reset and Figure 3.3 BUSY signal output timing from clock input added	
		6-10	Registers added	
		11	Table 3.1 Memory, ROM size changed	
		12-26	Comments in flowcharts added and flowcharts changed	
		27	4.1.1 Control command list changed	
		35	4.8 Version Information Output Function changed	
		37	6. User Program Example changed	
		39	7.1 Control Pins text changed Figure 7.1 Programmer Configuration, resistor value deleted	

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