

Ultra-small Dual 40 mΩ, 1.0 A Load Switch with Discharge

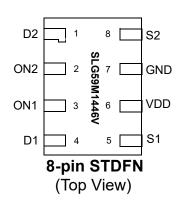
#### **General Description**

The SLG59M1446V is designed for load switching applications. The part comes with two 40 m $\Omega$  1.0 A rated MOSFETs, each controlled by an ON control pin. Each MOSFET's ramp rate is adjustable depending on the input current level of the ON pin. The product is packaged in an ultra-small 1.6 x 1.0 mm package.

#### **Features**

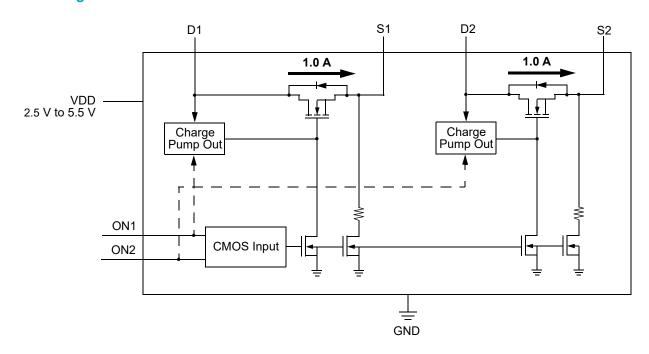
- Two 40 mΩ 1.0 A MOSFETs
- Two integrated VGS Charge Pumps
- · User selectable ramp rate with external resistor
- Protected by thermal shutdown
- Integrated Discharge Resistor
- Pb-Free / Halogen-Free / RoHS compliant
- STDFN 8L, 1.0 x 1.6 mm

#### **Pin Configuration**



## Applications

- Power-Rail Switching:
  - Notebook/Laptop/Tablet PCs
  - Smartphones/Wireless Handsets
  - High-definition Digital Cameras
  - Set-top Boxes
- Point of Sales Pins
- GPS Navigation Devices



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#### Block Diagram

## Ultra-small Dual 40 mΩ, 1.0 A Load Switch with Discharge

## **Pin Description**

Pin #	Pin Name	Туре	Pin Description			
1	D2	MOSFET	Drain/Input terminal of Power MOSFET Channel 2. Connect a 10 $\mu$ F (or larger) low ES capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at D2 should be rated at 10 V or higher			
2	ON2	Input	A low-to-high transition on this pin closes the Channel 2 of load switch. ON is an asserted-HIGH, level-sensitive CMOS input with ON_V <sub>IL</sub> < 0.3 V and ON_V <sub>IH_INI</sub> > 1.2 V. Connect this pin to the output of a general-purpose output (GPO) from a microcontroller or other application processor. A resistor connected in series to ON2 signal sets the V <sub>S2</sub> Slew Rate. Please read more information on Adjustable Slew Rate description.			
3	ON1	Input	A low-to-high transition on this pin closes the Channel 1 of load switch. ON is an asserted-HIGH, level-sensitive CMOS input with $ON_{VIL} < 0.3 V$ and $ON_{VIH_{INI}} > 1.2 V$ . Connect this pin to the output of a general-purpose output (GPO) from a microcontroller or other application processor. A resistor connected in series to ON1 signal sets the $V_{S1}$ Slew Rate. Please read more information on Adjustable Slew Rate description.			
4	D1	MOSFET	Drain/Input terminal of Power MOSFET Channel 1. Connect a 10 $\mu$ F (or larger) low ESR capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at D1 should be rated at 10 V or higher.			
5	S1	MOSFET	Source/Output terminal of Power MOSFET Channel1. Connect a 10 $\mu$ F (or larger) low ESR capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at S1 should be rated at 10 V or higher.			
6	VDD	PWR	VDD supplies the power for the operation of the load switch and internal control circuitry where its range is $2.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ . Bypass the VDD pin to GND with a 0.1 µF (or larger) capacitor.			
7	GND	GND	Ground connection. Connect this pin to system analog or power ground plane.			
8	S2	MOSFET	Source/Output terminal of Power MOSFET Channel2. Connect a 10 $\mu$ F (or larger) low ESR capacitor from this pin to GND. Capacitors used at S2 should be rated at 10 V or higher.			

## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Туре	Production Flow
SLG59M1446V	STDFN 8L	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C
SLG59M1446VTR	STDFN 8L (Tape and Reel)	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C

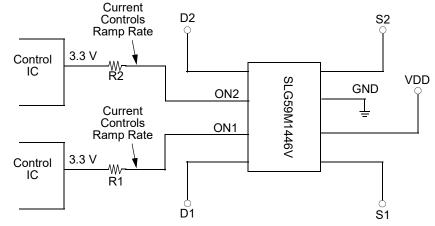
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## **Application Diagram**



## Adjustable Ramp Rate vs. ON Pin Current (5.5 V, 25 °C)

ON Pin Current	V <sub>S(SR)</sub> (typ)		
20 µA	0.56 V/ms		
50 µA	1.34 V/ms		
100 µA	2.53 V/ms		
150 µA	3.71 V/ms		
200 µA	4.68 V/ms		
250 µA	5.63 V/ms		
400 µA	8.4 V/ms		

#### Adjustable Slew Rate (ON2 Pin 2 and ON1 Pin3)

SLG59M1446V has a built in configurable slew control feature. The configurable slew control uses current detection method on ON1/ON2. When ON voltage rises above  $ON_{VIH\_INI}$  (1.2 V typical), the slew control circuit will measure the current flowing into ON1/ON2. Based on the current flowing into ON1/ON2, different slew rates will be selected by the internal control circuit. See ON Pin Current vs.  $V_{S(SR)}$  table. The slew rate is configurable by selecting a different R1/R2 resistor value as shown on application diagram. Calculating the R1/R2 value depends on both the desired slew rate, and the  $V_{OH}$  level of the device driving the ON1/ON2 pin.

ON Pin Current = (GPIO\_V<sub>OH</sub> - ON\_V<sub>REF</sub> (1.05 V typical)) / R

By driving the ON pin without any series resistor, the Slew Rate will be around 8.4 V/ms and max ON pin Current will be approximately 400 µA.

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#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage				6	V
Τ <sub>S</sub>	Storage Temperature		-65		150	°C
ESD <sub>HBM</sub>	ESD Protection	Human Body Model	2000			V
ESD <sub>CDM</sub>	ESD Protection	Charged Device Model	1000			V
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level				1	
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance,	1 x 1.6mm STDFN; Determined using 1 in <sup>2</sup> , 1 oz. copper pads under each Dx and Sx terminal and FR4 pcb material		72		°C/W
W <sub>DIS</sub>	Package Power Dissipation				0.4	W
MOSFET IDS <sub>PK</sub>	Peak Current from Drain to Source	For no more than 1 ms with 1% duty cycle			1.5	Α

Note: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $T_A = -40$  °C to 85 °C (unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage Pin 6		2.5		5.5	V
V <sub>D1</sub>	Load Switch Input Voltage of Channel 1	Pin 4	0.85		$V_{DD}$	V
V <sub>D2</sub>	Load Switch Input Voltage of Channel 2	Pin 1	0.85		V <sub>DD</sub>	V
I	Power Supply Current (PIN 6)	when OFF		0.1	1	μA
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current (PIN 6)	when ON, No load		35	50	μA
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>DS</sub> = 100 mA		40	50	mΩ
RDS <sub>ON[1,2]</sub>	ON Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C, I <sub>DS</sub> = 100 mA		50	55	mΩ
		T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C, I <sub>DS</sub> = 100 mA		55	65	mΩ
MOSFET IDS Current from D[1,2] to S[1,2] Col		Continuous			1.0	А
T <sub>ON_Delay</sub> ON Delay Time				2.4	4.0	ms
	Total Turn On Time	50% ON to 90% V <sub>S[1,2]</sub>	Configurable <sup>1</sup>		le <sup>1</sup>	ms
T <sub>Total_ON</sub>		Example: ON Pin Current (PIN2, PIN3) = 20 $\mu$ A; V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>D[1,2]</sub> = 5 V; C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10 $\mu$ F; R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 20 $\Omega$		11.7		ms
		10% V <sub>S [1,2]</sub> to 90% V <sub>S[1,2]</sub>	Configurable <sup>1</sup>		le <sup>1</sup>	V/ms
V <sub>S(SR)</sub>	$V_{S[1,2]}$ Slew Rate	Example: ON Pin Current (PIN2, PIN3) = 20 $\mu$ A; V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>D[1,2]</sub> = 5 V; C <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10 $\mu$ F; R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 20 $\Omega$		0.56		V/ms
R <sub>DISCHRG</sub>	$R_{DISCHRG}$ Discharge Resistance $V_{DD} = 2.5 V to 5.5 V; bias$		100	150	300	Ω
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#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

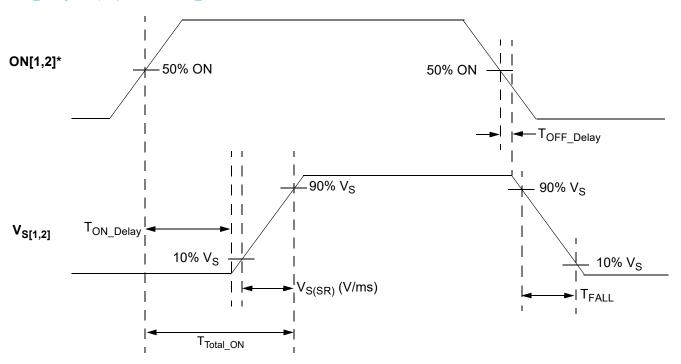
 $T_A$  = -40 °C to 85 °C (unless otherwise stated)

Description	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Output Load Capacitance	C <sub>LOAD</sub> connected from S[1,2] to GND			100	μF
ON Pin Reference Voltage <sup>2</sup>		0.99	1.05	1.10	V
Initial Turn On Voltage	Internal Charge Pump ON	1.2		V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Low Input Voltage on ON pin	Internal Charge Pump OFF	-0.3	0	0.3	V
Input Impedance on ON pin		100			MΩ
Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature			125		°C
Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature			100		°C
Thermal shutoff time				1	ms
OFF Delay Time	50% ON to V <sub>S[1,2]</sub> Fall Start; V <sub>D[1,2]</sub> = 5 V; R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 20 $\Omega$ ; no C <sub>LOAD</sub>		55	70	μs
V <sub>S[1,2]</sub> Fall Time	90% V <sub>S[1,2]</sub> to 10% V <sub>S[1,2]</sub> ; V <sub>D[1,2]</sub> = 5 V; R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 20 Ω; no C <sub>LOAD</sub>		32		μs
	Output Load Capacitance ON Pin Reference Voltage <sup>2</sup> Initial Turn On Voltage Low Input Voltage on ON pin Input Impedance on ON pin Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature Thermal shutoff time OFF Delay Time	Output Load Capacitance $C_{LOAD}$ connected from S[1,2] to GNDON Pin Reference Voltage 2Internal Charge Pump ONInitial Turn On VoltageInternal Charge Pump ONLow Input Voltage on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFFInput Impedance on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFFThermal shutoff turn-on temperatureThermal shutoff turn-off temperatureThermal shutoff turn-off temperature50% ON to $V_{S[1,2]}$ Fall Start; $V_{D[1,2]} = 5 V$ ; $R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega$ ; no $C_{LOAD}$ VFall Time	Output Load Capacitance $C_{LOAD}$ connected from S[1,2] to GNDON Pin Reference Voltage 20.99Initial Turn On VoltageInternal Charge Pump ON1.2Low Input Voltage on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFF-0.3Input Impedance on ON pin100Thermal shutoff turn-on temperatureThermal shutoff turn-off temperatureThermal shutoff timeOFF Delay Time $50\%$ ON to $V_{S[1,2]}$ Fall Start; $V_{D[1,2]} = 5$ V; $R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega$ ; no $C_{LOAD}$	Output Load Capacitance $C_{LOAD}$ connected from S[1,2] to GNDON Pin Reference Voltage 20.991.05Initial Turn On VoltageInternal Charge Pump ON1.2Low Input Voltage on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFF-0.30Input Impedance on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFF-0.30Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature125Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature100Thermal shutoff time100Thermal shutoff time50% ON to $V_{S[1,2]}$ Fall Start; $V_{D[1,2]} = 5 V; R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega; no C_{LOAD}VFall Time90% V_{S[1,2]} to 10% V_{S[1,2]};32$	Output Load Capacitance $C_{LOAD}$ connected from S[1,2] to GND100ON Pin Reference Voltage 20.991.051.10Initial Turn On VoltageInternal Charge Pump ON1.2 $V_{DD}$ Low Input Voltage on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFF-0.300.3Input Impedance on ON pinInternal Charge Pump OFF-0.300.3Thermal shutoff turn-on temperature125Thermal shutoff turn-off temperature100Thermal shutoff time100OFF Delay Time $50\%$ ON to $V_{S[1,2]}$ Fall Start; $V_{D[1,2]} = 5 V; R_{LOAD} = 20 \Omega; no C_{LOAD}55Yun Fall Time90\% V_{S[1,2]} to 10\% V_{S[1,2]};22$

1. Refer to table for configuration details.

2. Voltage before ON pin resistor needs to be higher than 1.2 V to generate required  $I_{ON}$ 

## $T_{ON\_Delay},\,V_{S(SR)},\,and\,T_{Total\_ON}$ Timing Details



\*Rise and Fall Times of the ON Signal are 100 ns

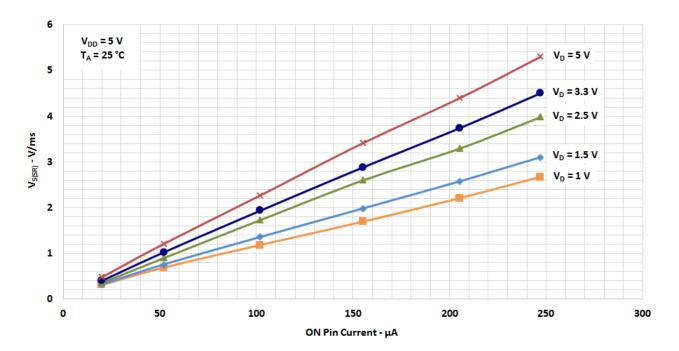
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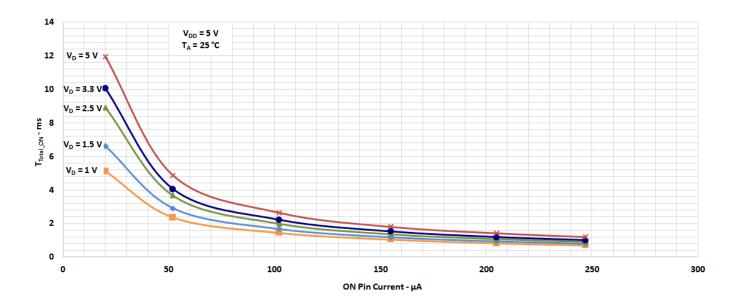
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## **Typical Performance Characteristics**

#### **Slew Rate vs. ON Current**



# T<sub>Total\_ON</sub> vs. ON Current



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## **Power Dissipation**

The junction temperature of the SLG59M1446V depends on factors such as board layout, ambient temperature, external air flow over the package, load current, and the RDS<sub>ON</sub>-generated voltage drop across each power MOSFET. While the primary contributor to the increase in the junction temperature of the SLG59M1446V is the power dissipation of its power MOSFETs, its power dissipation and the junction temperature in nominal operating mode can be calculated using the following equations:

$$PD_{TOTAL} = (RDS_{ON1} \times I_{DS1}^2) + (RDS_{ON2} \times I_{DS2}^2)$$

where:

 $PD_{TOTAL}$  = Total package power dissipation, in Watts (W)  $RDS_{ON[1,2]}$  = Channel 1 and Channel 2 Power MOSFET ON resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ ), respectively  $I_{DS[1,2]}$  = Channel 1 and Channel 2 Output current, in Amps (A), respectively and

$$T_J = PD_{TOTAL} \times \theta_{JA} + T_A$$

where:

 $T_J$  = Die junction temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)

 $\theta_{JA}$  = Package thermal resistance, in Celsius degrees per Watt (°C/W) – highly dependent on pcb layout

 $T_A$  = Ambient temperature, in Celsius degrees (°C)

In nominal operating mode, the SLG59M1446V's power dissipation can also be calculated by taking into account the voltage drop across each switch ( $V_{Dx} - V_{Sx}$ ) and the magnitude of that channel's output current ( $I_{DSx}$ ):

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{PD}_{\mathsf{TOTAL}} &= [(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{D1}}\text{-}\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{S1}}) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS1}}] + [(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{D2}}\text{-}\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{S2}}) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS2}}] \text{ or} \\ \mathsf{PD}_{\mathsf{TOTAL}} &= [(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{D1}} - (\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{LOAD1}} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS1}})) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS1}}] + [(\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{D2}} - (\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{LOAD2}} \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS2}})) \times \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{DS2}}] \end{split}$$

where:

PD<sub>TOTAL</sub> = Total package power dissipation, in Watts (W)

V<sub>D[1,2]</sub> = Channel 1 and Channel 2 Input Voltage, in Volts (V), respectively

 $R_{LOAD[1,2]}$  = Channel 1 and Channel 2 Output Load Resistance, in Ohms ( $\Omega$ ), respectively

I<sub>DS[1,2]</sub> = Channel 1 and Channel 2 output current, in Amps (A), respectively

 $V_{S[1,2]}$  = Channel 1 and Channel 2 output voltage, or  $R_{LOAD[1,2]} \times I_{DS[1,2]}$ , respectively





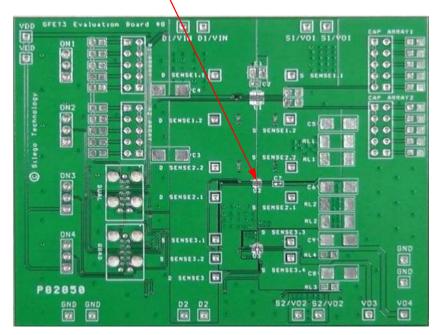
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#### Layout Guidelines:

- 1. The VDD pin needs a 0.1 μF external capacitor to smooth pulses from the power supply. Locate this capacitor as close as possible to the SLG59M1446V's PIN6.
- 2. Since the D1, D2, S1 and S2 pins dissipate most of the heat generated during high-load current operation, it is highly recommended to make power traces as short, direct, and wide as possible. A good practice is to make power traces with absolute minimum widths of 15 mils (0.381 mm) per Ampere. A representative layout, shown in Figure 1, illustrates proper techniques for heat to transfer as efficiently as possible out of the device;
- 3. To minimize the effects of parasitic trace inductance on normal operation, it is recommended to connect input  $C_{IN}$  and output  $C_{LOAD}$  low-ESR capacitors as close as possible to the SLG59M1446V's D1, D2, S1 and S2 pins;
- 4. The GND pin should be connected to system analog or power ground plane.
- 5. 2 oz. copper is recommended for high current operation.

#### SLG59M1446V Evaluation Board:

A GreenFET Evaluation Board for SLG59M1446V is designed according to the statements above and is illustrated on Figure 1. Please note that evaluation board has D\_Sense and S\_Sense pads. They cannot carry high currents and dedicated only for RDS<sub>ON</sub> evaluation.



Please solder your SLG59M1446V here

Figure 1. SLG59M1446V Evaluation Board.

<b>D</b> -	tas	<b>I-</b> -	- 4
112	Tac	ne	OT
Du	LUS		CL.



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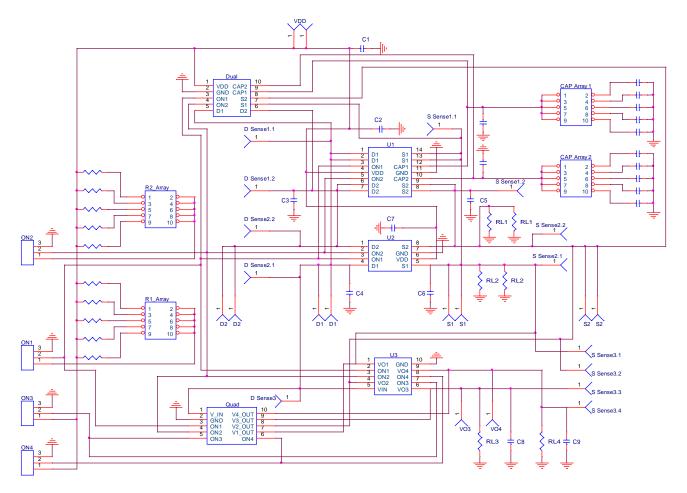


Figure 2. SLG59M1446V Evaluation Board Connection Circuit.

D	a	ta	S	h	e	e	F
-	<b>u</b>		-		-	-	۰.



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## **Basic Test Setup and Connections**

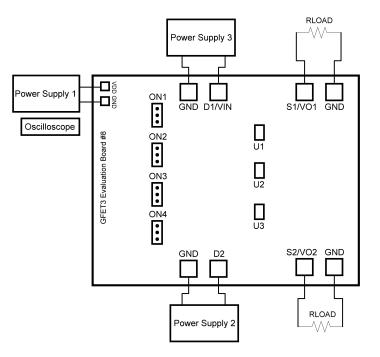


Figure 3. Typical connections for GreenFET Evaluation.

#### **EVB** Configuration

1.Connect oscilloscope probes to D1/VIN, D2, S1/VO1, S2/VO2, ON1, ON2 etc.;

2.Turn on Power Supply 1 and set desired  $V_{\text{DD}}$  from 2.5 V…5.5 V range;

3.Turn on Power Supply 2, 3 and set desired  $V_{D[1,2]}$  from 0.85 V...V<sub>DD</sub> range;

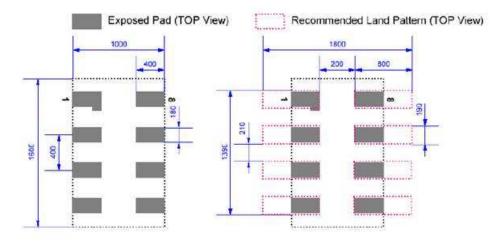
4.Toggle the ON[1,2] signal High or Low to observe SLG59M1446V operation.

D	at	a	c	h	ρ	Δ	f
	a	a	3		C	6	L



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## SLG59M1446V Layout Suggestion



Package Top Marking System Definition

	ABC	Serial Number
Pin 1 Identifier	0	

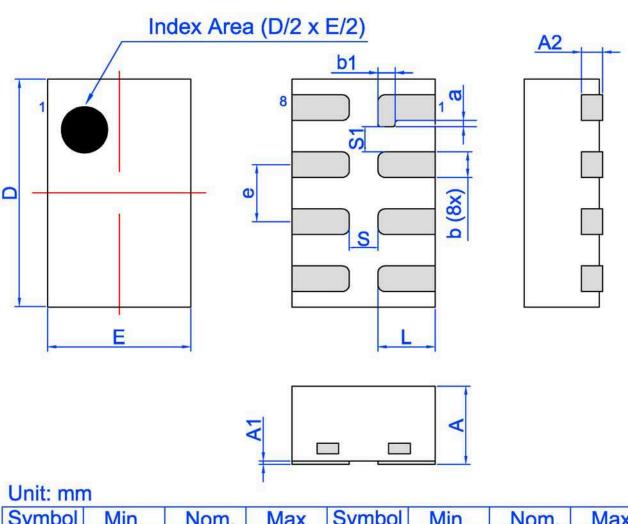
ABC - 3 alphanumeric Part Serial Number where A, B, or C can be A-Z and 0-9

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## **Package Drawing and Dimensions**



8 Lead STDFN Package 1.0 x 1.6 mm

Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max	Symbol	Min	Nom.	Max
A	0.50	0.55	0.60	D	1.55	1.60	1.65
A1	0.005		0.060	E	0.95	1.00	1.05
A2	0.10	0.15	0.20	L	0.35	0.40	0.45
b	0.13	0.18	0.23	S	0.2 REF		
b1	0.17	0.19	0.20	а	0.04	0.05	0.06
е	0.40 BSC			S1		0.175 R	EF

D	a	ta	s	h	e	e	t
	<b>u</b>		-		-	-	•



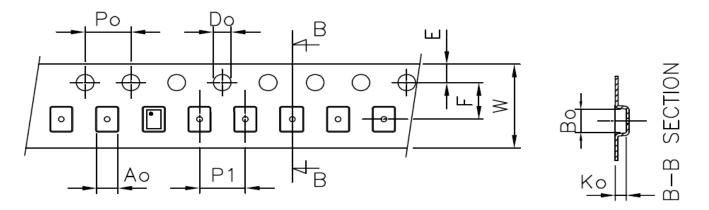
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#### **Tape and Reel Specifications**

Baakaga	# of	Nominal	Max Units		Reel & Leader (min)		Trailer (min)		Таре	Part	
Package Type	# of Pins	Package Size [mm]	per Reel	per Box	Box [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Pockets	Length [mm]	Width [mm]	Pitch [mm]
STDFN 8L 1x1.6mm 0.4P Green	8	1.0 x 1.6 x 0.55	3,000	3,000	178 / 60	100	400	100	400	8	4

## **Carrier Tape Drawing and Dimensions**

Package Type	Pocket BTM Length	Pocket BTM Width	Pocket Depth	Index Hole Pitch	Pocket Pitch	Index Hole Diameter	Index Hole to Tape Edge	Index Hole to Pocket Cen- ter	Tape Width
	A0	B0	K0	P0	P1	D0	E	F	w
STDFN 8L 1x1.6mm 0.4P Green	1.12	1.72	0.7	4	4	1.55	1.75	3.5	8



## **Recommended Reflow Soldering Profile**

Please see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020: latest revision for reflow profile based on package volume of 0.88 mm<sup>3</sup> (nominal). More information can be found at www.jedec.org.

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## **Revision History**

Date	Version	Change
2/2/2022	1.07	Updated Company name and logo Fixed typos
3/10/2021	1.06	Updated Slew Rate vs. ON Pin Current table
9/13/2019	1.05	Updated Pin Descriptions Updated style and formatting Updated Charts Added Power Dissipation Updated POD Fixed typos
12/4/2015	1.04	Updated Block Diagram
11/20/2015	1.03	Added ESD <sub>CDM</sub> , MSL, and $\theta_{JA}$ specs

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