

To our customers,

Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

On April 1st, 2010, NEC Electronics Corporation merged with Renesas Technology Corporation, and Renesas Electronics Corporation took over all the business of both companies. Therefore, although the old company name remains in this document, it is a valid Renesas Electronics document. We appreciate your understanding.

Renesas Electronics website: <http://www.renesas.com>

April 1st, 2010
Renesas Electronics Corporation

Issued by: Renesas Electronics Corporation (<http://www.renesas.com>)

Send any inquiries to <http://www.renesas.com/inquiry>.

Notice

1. All information included in this document is current as of the date this document is issued. Such information, however, is subject to change without any prior notice. Before purchasing or using any Renesas Electronics products listed herein, please confirm the latest product information with a Renesas Electronics sales office. Also, please pay regular and careful attention to additional and different information to be disclosed by Renesas Electronics such as that disclosed through our website.
2. Renesas Electronics does not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or technical information described in this document. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
3. You should not alter, modify, copy, or otherwise misappropriate any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part.
4. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation of these circuits, software, and information in the design of your equipment. Renesas Electronics assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
5. When exporting the products or technology described in this document, you should comply with the applicable export control laws and regulations and follow the procedures required by such laws and regulations. You should not use Renesas Electronics products or the technology described in this document for any purpose relating to military applications or use by the military, including but not limited to the development of weapons of mass destruction. Renesas Electronics products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations.
6. Renesas Electronics has used reasonable care in preparing the information included in this document, but Renesas Electronics does not warrant that such information is error free. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability whatsoever for any damages incurred by you resulting from errors in or omissions from the information included herein.
7. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following three quality grades: “Standard”, “High Quality”, and “Specific”. The recommended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product’s quality grade, as indicated below. You must check the quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product before using it in a particular application. You may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application categorized as “Specific” without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Further, you may not use any Renesas Electronics product for any application for which it is not intended without the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. Renesas Electronics shall not be in any way liable for any damages or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product for an application categorized as “Specific” or for which the product is not intended where you have failed to obtain the prior written consent of Renesas Electronics. The quality grade of each Renesas Electronics product is “Standard” unless otherwise expressly specified in a Renesas Electronics data sheets or data books, etc.
 - “Standard”: Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; and industrial robots.
 - “High Quality”: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control systems; anti-disaster systems; anti-crime systems; safety equipment; and medical equipment not specifically designed for life support.
 - “Specific”: Aircraft; aerospace equipment; submersible repeaters; nuclear reactor control systems; medical equipment or systems for life support (e.g. artificial life support devices or systems), surgical implantations, or healthcare intervention (e.g. excision, etc.), and any other applications or purposes that pose a direct threat to human life.
8. You should use the Renesas Electronics products described in this document within the range specified by Renesas Electronics, especially with respect to the maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, movement power voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation and other product characteristics. Renesas Electronics shall have no liability for malfunctions or damages arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products beyond such specified ranges.
9. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of its products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Further, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. Please be sure to implement safety measures to guard them against the possibility of physical injury, and injury or damage caused by fire in the event of the failure of a Renesas Electronics product, such as safety design for hardware and software including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult, please evaluate the safety of the final products or system manufactured by you.
10. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. Please use Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive. Renesas Electronics assumes no liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
11. This document may not be reproduced or duplicated, in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products, or if you have any other inquiries.

(Note 1) “Renesas Electronics” as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.

(Note 2) “Renesas Electronics product(s)” means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

H8/300H Tiny Series

Counting 32-Bit Data using Timer Z Cascaded Connection

Introduction

Timer counters 0 and 1 (TCNT0 and TCNT1) of timer Z are connected in cascade to operate as a 32-bit free-running counter.

Target Device

H8/3687

Contents

1. Specifications	2
2. Description of Functions	2
3. Description of Operation	5
4. Description of Software	6
5. Flowchart.....	9
6. Program Listing.....	10

1. Specifications

1. Timer counters 0 and 1 (TCNT0 and TCNT1) of timer Z are connected in cascade to operate as a 32-bit free-running counter. Figure 1.1 shows the MPU connection for cascade operation.
2. When TCNT1 overflows, the FTIOA1 pin toggles its output, which is then input to the FTIOA0 pin. On receiving the toggle output through the FTIOA0 pin, the TCNT0 counter value is incremented.
3. The TCNT0 is initialized to 0x0000 when it reaches 0xFFFF and starts counting again.

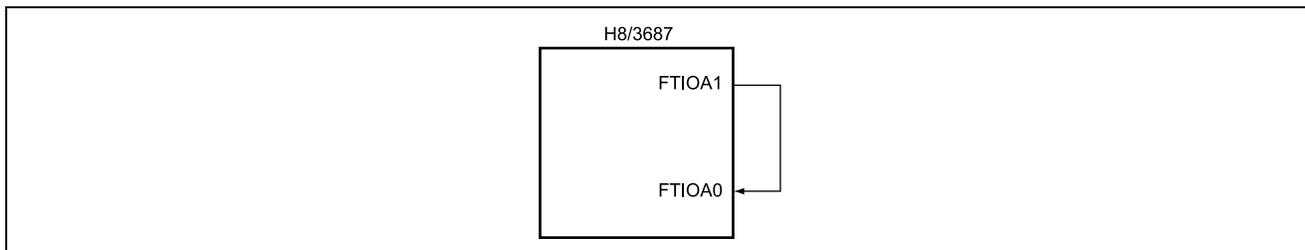


Figure 1.1 MPU Connection for Timer Z Cascade Operation

2. Description of Functions

1. In this sample task, timer Z timer counter 0 (TCNT0) and timer counter 1 (TCNT1) are connected in cascade to form a 32-bit free-running counter. Figure 2.1 is a block diagram of timer Z. The elements of the block diagram are described below.
 - The system clock (ϕ) is a 16-MHz clock that is used as a reference clock for operating the CPU and peripheral functions.
 - Prescaler S (PSS) is a 13-bit counter with clock input of ϕ . PSS is incremented every cycle.
 - Timer control register 0 (TCR0) selects TCNT0 input clock and clearing method. In this sample task, the TCNT0 is incremented at the rising and falling edges of an external clock, and the TCNT0 is specified not to be cleared.
 - Timer counter 0 (TCNT0) is a 16-bit readable/writable upward counter that is incremented by the internal clock or external clock input. In this sample task, TCNT0 is incremented at the rising and falling edges of an external clock.
 - Time control register 1 (TCR1) selects the TCNT1 input clock and clearing method. In this sample task, the TCNT1 is incremented at the rising edge of ϕ and is specified not to be cleared.
 - Timer I/O control register A1 (TIORA1) controls GRA1 and GRB1. In this sample task, GRA1 is used as an output-compare register and the output on the FTIOA1 pin is toggled on a compare-match with GRA1.
 - Timer counter 1 (TCNT1) is a 16-bit readable/writable upward counter that is incremented by the internal clock or external clock input. In this sample task, TCNT1 is incremented at the rising edge of ϕ .
 - General register A1 (GRA1) is a 16-bit readable/writable register. The value of GRA1 is always compared with that of TCNT1. In this sample task, the GRA1 is set to 0x0000.
 - Timer start register (TSTR) starts or stops the TCNT0 and TCNT1 operation. In this sample task, TCNT0 and TCNT1 are specified to perform counting.
 - Timer mode register (TMDR) selects synchronous or independent operation of TCNT0 and TCNT1. In this sample task, independent operation is selected.
 - Timer function control register (TFCR) specifies various operation modes and selects the output level. In this sample task, an external clock input is enabled and channels 0 and 1 are specified for normal operation.
 - Timer output master enable register (TOER) enables or disables channels 0 and 1 outputs. In this sample task, the FTIOA0 output is disabled and the FTIOA1 output is enabled.
 - Input-capture/output-compare A0 pin (FTIOA0) is specified as an input-capture input pin and the TCNT0 is incremented at the rising and falling edges.
 - Input-capture/output-compare A1 pin (FTIOA1) is specified as an output-compare output pin and its output is toggled when TCNT1 matches GRA1.

$$\text{TCNT1 overflow cycle} = \frac{1}{\text{System clock}/1} \times 65536 = 4.096 \text{ ms}$$

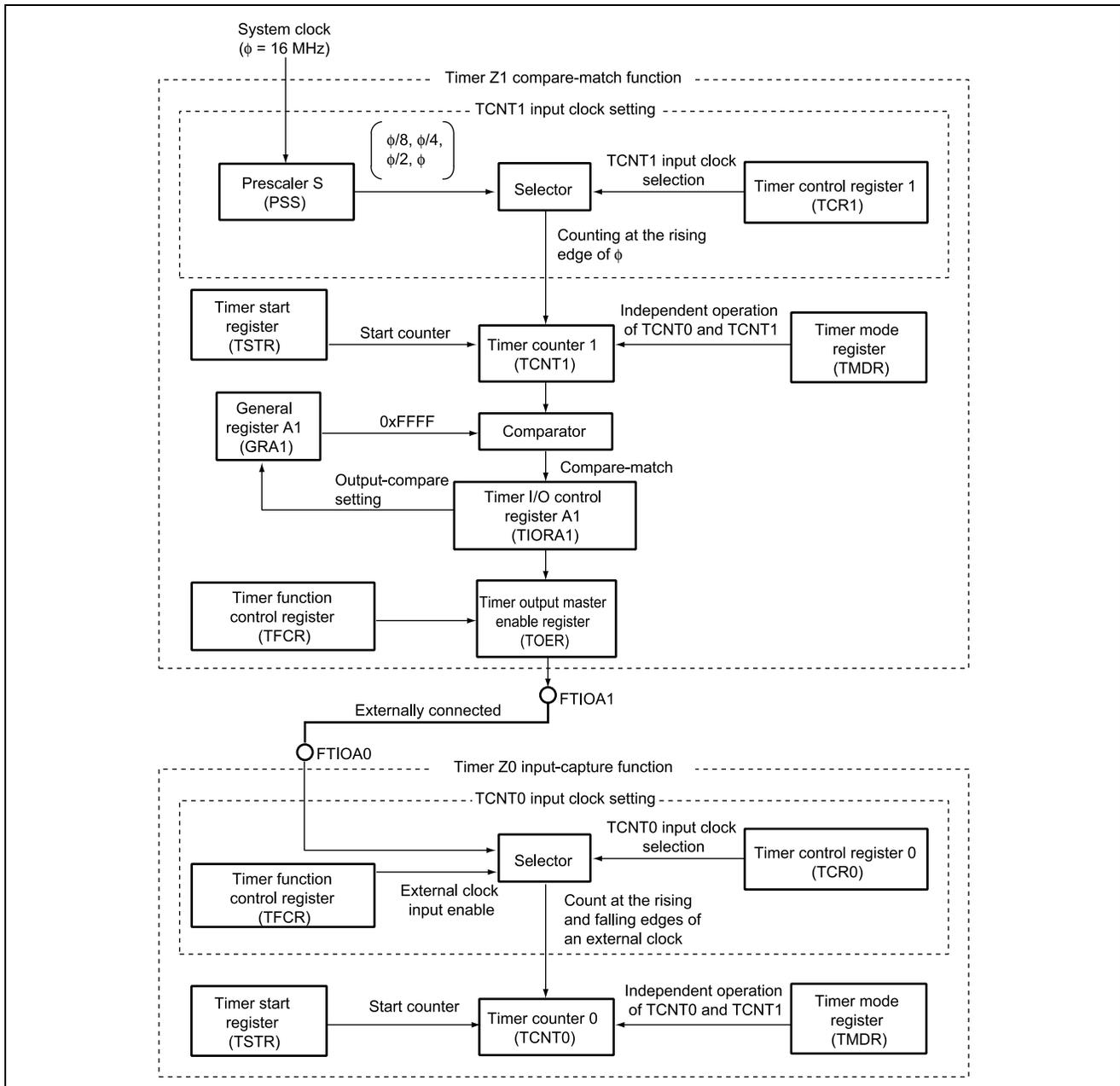


Figure 2.1 Block Diagram of the 32-bit Counter Using Timer Z Cascaded Connection

2. Table 2.1 lists the function allocation for this sample task. The functions listed in this table are allocated so that a 32-bit counter is implemented by cascade connection of timer Z.

Table 2.1 Function Allocation

Function	Description
PSS	13-bit counter with system clock input
TCR0	Specifies an input clock for the 32-bit counter.
TCNT0	Upper 16 bits of the 32-bit counter
TCR1	Specifies the TCNT1 to be incremented at both edges of the FTIOB0 pin
TIORA1	Configures the FTIOA1 pin.
TCNT1	Lower 16 bits of the 32-bit counter
GRA1	Compared with TCNT1 to check whether or not an overflow has occurred (0xFFFF -> 0x0000).
TSTR	Starts counting by TCNT0 and TCNT1.
TMDR	Specifies TCNT0 to operate independently of TCNT1
TFCR	Sets the external clock input, and specifies channels 0 and 1 for normal operation.
TOER	Disables the FTIOA0 pin output and enables the FTIOA1 pin output
TFIOA0 pin	A carry from the lower 16 bits is input.
TFIOA1 pin	Toggles the output when the lower 16 bits overflow (when TCNT1 matches GRA1).

3. Description of Operation

Figure 3.1 illustrates the operation of this sample task. The hardware and software processing are applied as shown in figure 3.1 to implement a 32-bit counter by the cascade connection of timer Z.

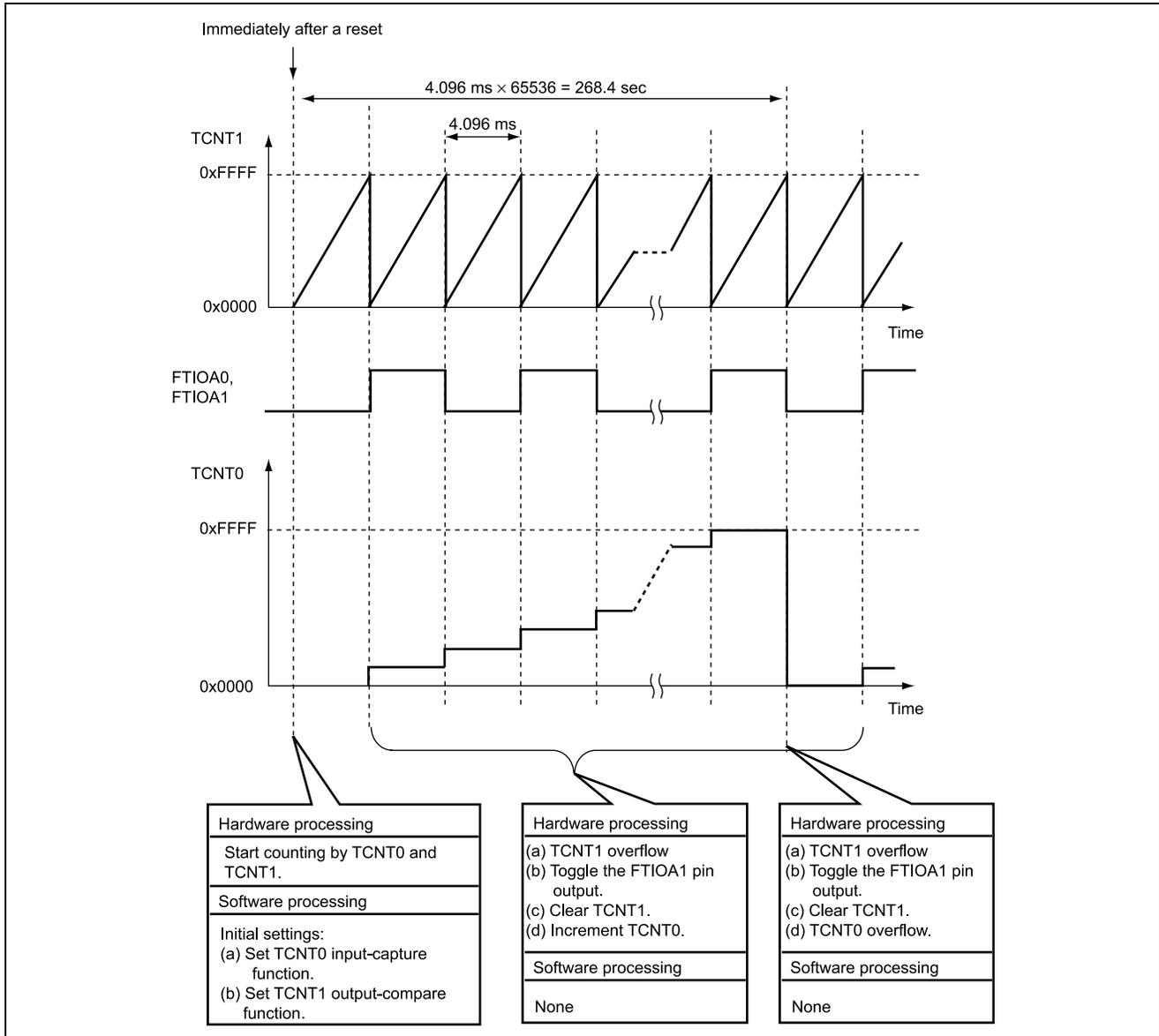


Figure 3.1 Principle of Operation

4. Description of Software

4.1 Module

Table 4.1 describes the module used in this sample task.

Table 4.1 Description of the Module

Module Name	Label Name	Function
Main routine	main	Sets the timer Z0 input-capture function and timer Z1 compare-match function, and starts counters.

4.2 Arguments

This sample task uses no arguments.

4.3 Internal Registers

The internal registers used in this sample task are described below.

- TCR0 Timer control register 0 Address: 0xF700

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
7	CCLR2	CCLR2 = x	Counter clear 2 to 0
6	CCLR1	CCLR1 = 0	CCLR2 = x, CCLR1 = 0, CCLR0 = 0: Disables clearing of TCNT0.
5	CCLR0	CCLR0 = 0	(x: Don't care)
4	CKEG1	CKEG1 = 1	Clock edge 1 to 0
3	CKEG0	CKEG0 = x	CKEG1 = 1, CKEG0 = x: Counts at the rising and falling edges of the clock. (x: Don't care)
2	TPSC2	TPSC2 = 1	Timer prescaler 2 to 0
1	TPSC1	TPSC1 = x	TPSC2 = 1, TPSC1 = x, TPSC0 = x:
0	TPSC0	TPSC0 = x	Counts by an external clock input from the FTIOA0 pin. (x: Don't care)

- TIORA0 Timer I/O control register A0 Address: 0xF701

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
2	IOA2	IOA2 = 0	I/O control A2 to A0
1	IOA1	IOA1 = 0	IOA2 = 0, IOA1 = 0, IOA0 = 0:
0	IOA0	IOA0 = 0	Specifies the GRA0 as an output-compare register and disables the FTIOA0 pin output by compare-matches.

- TCNT0 Timer counter 0 Address: 0xF706
Function: A 16-bit upward counter that is incremented at the rising and falling edges of an external clock.
Setting: 0x0000

- TCR1 Timer control register 1 Address: 0xF710

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
7	CCLR2	CCLR2 = x	Counter clear 2 to 0
6	CCLR1	CCLR1 = 0	CCLR2 = x, CCLR1 = 0, CCLR0 = 0: Disables clearing of TCNT0.
5	CCLR0	CCLR0 = 0	(x: Don't care)
4	CKEG1	CKEG1 = 0	Clock edge 1 to 0
3	CKEG0	CKEG0 = 0	CKEG1 = 0, CKEG0 = 0: Counts at the rising edge of the clock.
2	TPSC2	TPSC2 = 0	Timer prescaler 2 to 0
1	TPSC1	TPSC1 = 0	TPSC2 = 0, TPSC1 = 0, TPSC0 = 0: Counts by ϕ .
0	TPSC0	TPSC0 = 0	

- TIORA1 Timer I/O control register A1 Address: 0xF711

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
2	IOA2	IOA2 = 0	I/O control A2 to A0
1	IOA1	IOA1 = 1	IOA2 = 0, IOA1 = 1, IOA0 = 1:
0	IOA0	IOA0 = 1	Specifies the GRA1 as an output-compare register and the FTIOA1 pin output be toggled on a compare-match with GRA1.

- TCNT1 Timer counter 1 Address: 0xF716
Function: A 16-bit upward counter that is incremented at the rising edge of ϕ .
Setting: 0x0000

- GRA1 General register A1 Address: 0xF718
Function: A compare-match is generated when the GRA1 value matches the TCNT1 counter value.
Setting: 0xFFFF

- TSTR Timer start register Address: 0xF720

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
1	STR1	0	Channel 1 counter start STR1 = 0: Stops counting by TCNT1. STR1 = 1: Starts counting by TCNT1.
0	STR0	0	Channel 0 counter start STR0 = 0: Stops counting by TCNT0. STR0 = 1: Starts counting by TCNT0.

- TMDR Timer mode register Address: 0xF721

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
0	SYNC	0	Timer synchronization SYNC = 0: TCNT0 operates independently of TCNT1. SYNC = 1: TCNT0 operates synchronously with TCNT1.

- TFCR Timer function control register Address: 0xF723

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
6	STCLK	1	External clock input select STCLK = 0: Disables an external clock input. STCLK = 1: Enables an external clock input
1	CMD1	CMD1 = 0	Combination mode 1 to 0
0	CMD0	CMD0 = 0	CMD1 = 0, CMDk0 = 0: Channels 0 and 1 operate in normal operation mode.

- TOER Timer output master enable register Address: 0xF724

Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
4	EA1	0	Master enable A1 EA1 = 0: Enables the FTIOA1 pin output. EA1 = 1: Disables the FTIOA1 pin output.
0	EA0	1	Master enable A0 EA0 = 0: Enables the FTIOA0 pin output. EA0 = 1: Disables the FTIOA0 pin output.

- PCR6 Port control register 6 Address: 0xFFE9

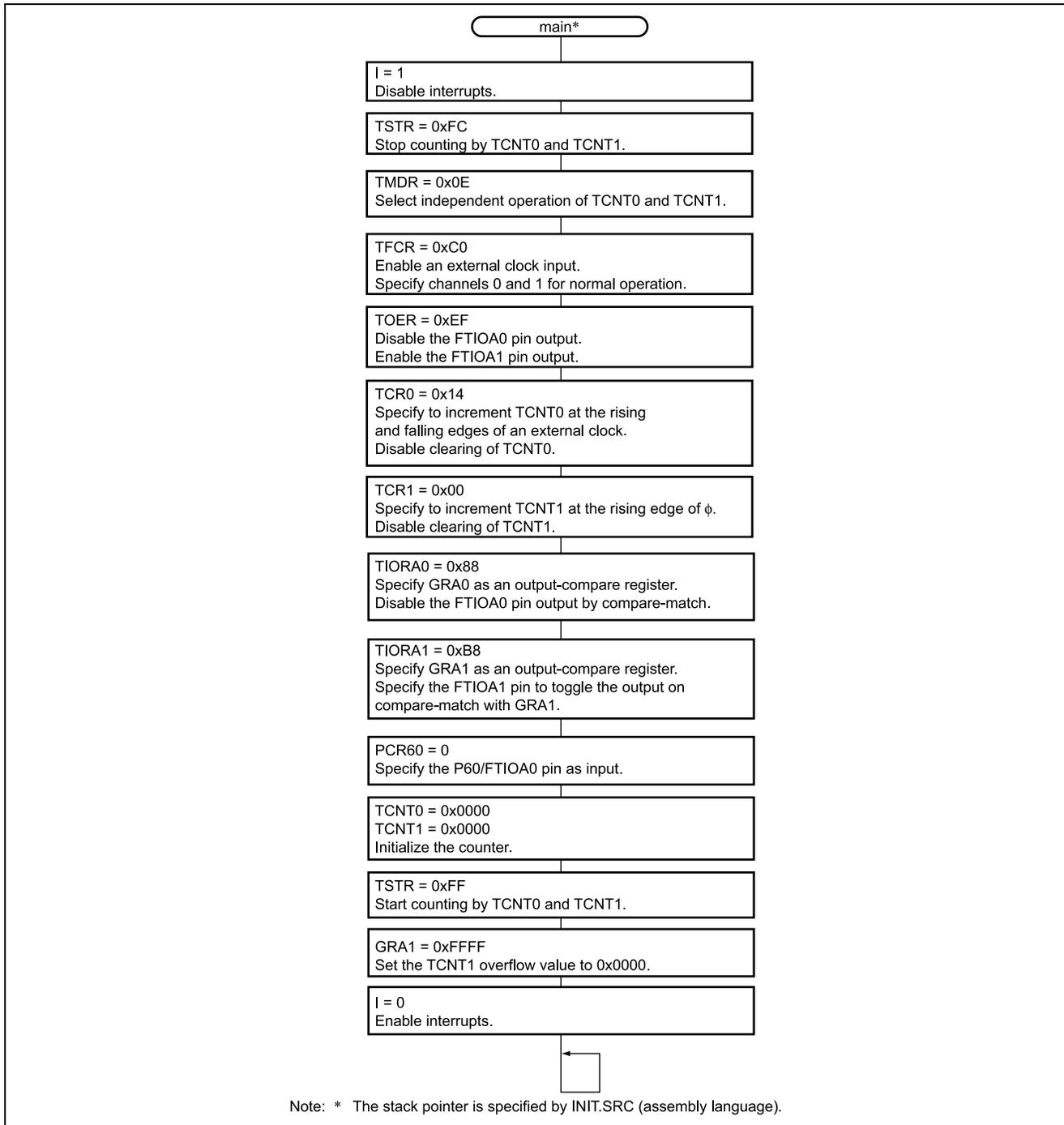
Bit	Bit Name	Setting	Function
0	PCR60	0	Port control register 60 PCR60 = 0: Specifies the P60/FTIOA0 pin as an input. PCR60 = 1: Specifies the P60/FTIOA0 pin as an output.

4.4 Description of RAM

This sample task does not use RAM.

5. Flowchart

Main routine



6. Program Listing

```

/*****
/*
/* H8/300HN Series -H8/3687-
/* Application Note
/*
/* '32 bit Free running counter '
/*
/* Function
/* : Timer Z Output Compare
/* : Timer Z 16bit External clock count
/*
/* External Clock : 16MHz
/* Internal Clock : 16MHz
/* Sub Clock : 32.768kHz
/*
*****/

#include <machine.h>

/*****
/* Symbol Definition
*****/
struct BIT {
    unsigned char b7:1; /* bit7 */
    unsigned char b6:1; /* bit6 */
    unsigned char b5:1; /* bit5 */
    unsigned char b4:1; /* bit4 */
    unsigned char b3:1; /* bit3 */
    unsigned char b2:1; /* bit2 */
    unsigned char b1:1; /* bit1 */
    unsigned char b0:1; /* bit0 */
};

#define TCR0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF700 /* Timer control register_0 */
#define TIORA0 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF701 /* Timer I/O Control Register A_0 */
#define TCNT0 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF706 /* Timer counter_0 */
#define TCR1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF710 /* Timer control register_1 */
#define TIORA1 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF711 /* Timer I/O Control Register A_1 */
#define TCNT1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF716 /* Timer counter_1 */
#define GRA1 *(volatile unsigned short *)0xF718 /* General register A_1 */
#define TSTR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF720 /* Timer start register */
#define TMDR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF721 /* Timer mode register */
#define TFCR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF723 /* Timer function control register */
#define TOER *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF724 /* Timer output master enable register */
#define TOCR *(volatile unsigned char *)0xF725 /* Timer output control register */
#define PCR6 *(volatile unsigned char *)0xFFE9 /* Port Control Register 6 */
#define PCR6_BIT (*(struct BIT *)0xFFE9 /* Port Control Register 6 */
#define PCR60 PCR6_BIT.b0 /* Port Control Register 60 */

/*****
/* Function define
*****/
extern void INIT ( void ); /* SP Set
void main ( void );

```

```

/*****
/*  Vector Address
/*****
#pragma section      V1                      /* VECTOR SECTOIN SET          */
void (*const VEC_TBL1[]) (void) = {        /* 0x00 - 0x0f                */
    INIT                                     /* 00 Reset                    */
};

#pragma section                      /* P                            */
/*****
/*  Main Program
/*****
void main ( void )
{
    set_imask_ccr(1);                    /* Interrupt Disable          */

    TSTR = 0xFC;                          /* TCNT0,TCNT1 count stop    */
    TMDR = 0x0E;                          /* TCNT0,TCNT1 Single Mode   */
    TFCR = 0xC0;                          /* Chanel 0,1 is Normal Mode */
    TOER = 0xEF;                          /* FTIOB0 Output Enable      */
    TCR0 = 0x14;                          /* Both edges, FTIOA0 Clock count */
    TCR1 = 0x00;                          /* Rising edge, phi Clock count */
    TIORA0 = 0x88;                        /* Not output by GRA0 compare match */
    TIORA1 = 0x8B;                        /* Toggle output by GRA1    */
                                        /* compare match              */
    PCR60 = 0;                            /* P60 input / FTIOA0 input pin */
    TCNT0 = 0x0000;                       /* Clear TCNT0                */
    TCNT1 = 0x0000;                       /* Clear TCNT1                */
    TSTR = 0xFF;                          /* TCNT0,TCNT1 count start   */
    GRA1 = 0x0000;                        /* Set Overflow value        */

    set_imask_ccr(0);                    /* Interrupt Enable          */

    while(1);
}

```

Link address specifications

Section Name	Address
CV1	0x0000
P	0x0100

Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Sep.29.03	—	First edition issued

Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

1. Renesas Technology Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of nonflammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

1. These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Renesas Technology Corporation product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Renesas Technology Corporation or a third party.
2. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
3. All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Renesas Technology Corporation without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.
The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.
Please also pay attention to information published by Renesas Technology Corporation by various means, including the Renesas Technology Corporation Semiconductor home page (<http://www.renesas.com>).
4. When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
5. Renesas Technology Corporation semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
6. The prior written approval of Renesas Technology Corporation is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
7. If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.
Any diversion or reexport contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.
8. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.