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H8/300L SLP Series

Using an External Interrupt to Start Counter Incrementation

Introduction

Incrementation of the 16-bit counter is started by an IRQ0 interrupt which is generated when the input signal from a switch on the $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin is turned on.

Target Device

H8/38024

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1. Specifications

1. Incrementation of the 16-bit counter is started by an $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ interrupt which is generated when the input signal from a switch on the $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin is turned on.
2. An $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ interrupt is requested upon detection of a falling edge of the $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin input.
3. The LED is turned on and off each time the 16-bit counter set in counter_sub overflows.
4. The LED is connected to the P92 output pin of port 9.
5. The P92 pin is a large-current port.
6. Figure 1.1 shows an example of connecting a switch to the $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ input pin.

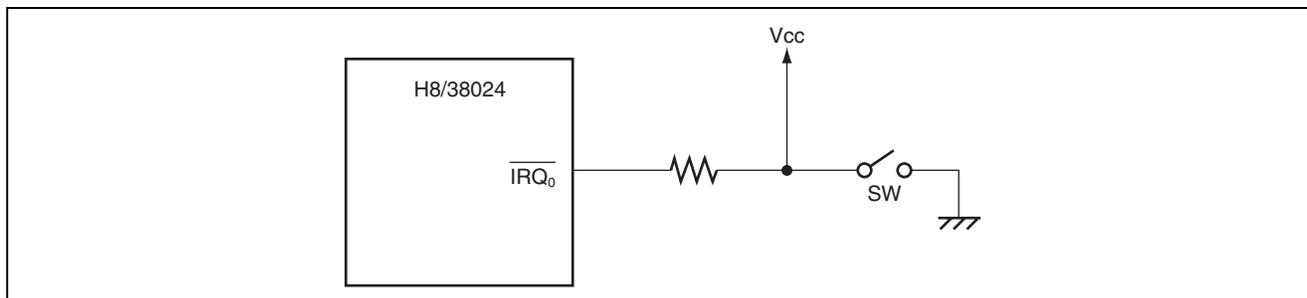


Figure 1.1 Example of Connecting a Switch to $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ Input Pin

2. Description of Functions

1. In this sample task, counting is started by an $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ external interrupt.
 - A. The external interrupts are described below.
 - There are 13 interrupt sources for external interrupts: WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts, and $\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$, and $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ interrupts.
 - WKP7 to WKP0 interrupts are requested on detection of a rising or falling edge on the WKP7 to WKP0 pins depending on the edge sense setting. The edge sense is specified by the wakeup edge select register (WEGR).
 - Pins WKP7 to WKP0 are also used as I/O pins for port 5. To use these pins as WKP7 to WKP0 input pins, set the WKP7 to WKP0 bits in port mode register 5 (PMR5) to 1.
 - When pins are selected to function as WKP7 to WKP0 pin by PMR5 and a specified signal edge is input, the corresponding bit in the wakeup interrupt flag register (IWPR) is set to 1 and an interrupt request is issued.
 - Acceptance of interrupt requests can be disabled by clearing the IENWP bit in interrupt enable register 1 (IENR1) to 0.
 - $\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ and $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ interrupts are requested by input signals on pins $\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ and $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$. The edge sense, rising or falling edge, for these four interrupts can be set individually by the settings of the IEG4, IEG3, IEG1 and IEG0 bits in the interrupt edge select register (IEGR).
 - When pins are selected to function as $\overline{\text{IRQ4}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$, $\overline{\text{IRQ1}}$ and $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pins by the setting of port mode registers (PMRB, PMR2 and PMR1) and a specified signal edge is input, the corresponding bit in interrupt request register 1 (IRR1) is set to 1 and an interrupt request is issued.
 - Acceptance of interrupt requests can be disabled by clearing the IEN4, IEN3, IEN1 and IEN0 bits in interrupt enable register 1 (IENR1) to 0.
 - A $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$ interrupt is requested by the input signal on the $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$ pin or $\overline{\text{IECPWM}}$.
 - When the $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$ pin is used for an external interrupt signal, the event counter PWM enable bit (ECPWME) in the input pin edge select register (AEGSR) should be set to 0.
 - The edge sense for the $\overline{\text{IRQAEC}}$ interrupt can be specified for rising, falling, or both edges by the setting of the input pin edge select register (AEGSR).

- When IRQAEC interrupt enable (IENEC2) in interrupt enable register 1(IENR1) is set to 1, and the specified signal edge is input, the IRQAEC interrupt request flag (IRREC2) in the interrupt request register 1 (IRR1) is set to 1 and an interrupt request is issued.
- All interrupts can be masked by setting the I bit of the condition code register (CCR) to 1.
- Interrupt operation is described below.
 - (1) If an interrupt occurs with its corresponding bit in the interrupt enable register set to 1, an interrupt request signal is sent to the interrupt controller.
 - (2) On receiving the interrupt request signal, the corresponding interrupt request flag is set.
 - (3) If multiple interrupt requests are generated with their corresponding interrupt request flags set to 1, the interrupt with the highest priority at that time is requested. Other interrupt requests are held pending.
 - (4) The CPU checks the I bit setting in CCR. If the I bit is cleared to 0, the interrupt request is accepted. If the I bit is set to 1, the interrupt request is held pending.
 - (5) If the CPU accepts the interrupt, after processing of the current instruction is completed, both the program counter (PC) and CCR are saved to the stack. This PC value saved in the stack is the address of the first instruction to be executed upon return from interrupt handling.
 - (6) The I bit in CCR is set to 1 to mask all other interrupts.
 - (7) The CPU generates the vector address corresponding to the accepted interrupt, and the interrupt handling routine starts execution from the address indicated in that address.
- Disabling of interrupts by clearing bits in IENR1 and clearing of bits in IRR1 must be done while interrupts are masked (I bit is set to 1).
- If the above clearing operations are performed while the I bit is 0, a conflict may arise between the clearing instruction and an interrupt request. In such situation, exception handling for the interrupt will be executed after the execution of the clearing instruction has been completed.

2. Table 2.1 shows the function assignments in this sample task. The functions are assigned as shown in table 2.1 to start counting when an external interrupt occurs.

Table 2.1 Assignment of Functions

Pin/Register	Assigned Function
IRRI0	Indicates whether or not an IRQ0 interrupt has been requested.
IEN0	Enables IRQ0 pin interrupt requests.
IEG0	Selects input edge of IRQ0 pin.
IRQ0	Input pin of the switch input
PDR9	Stores P92 output pin data.
P92	Output pin for LED output

3. Principle of Operation

1. Figure 3.1 illustrates the operation of this sample task. Counting is started by an external interrupt through hardware and software processing as shown in the figure.

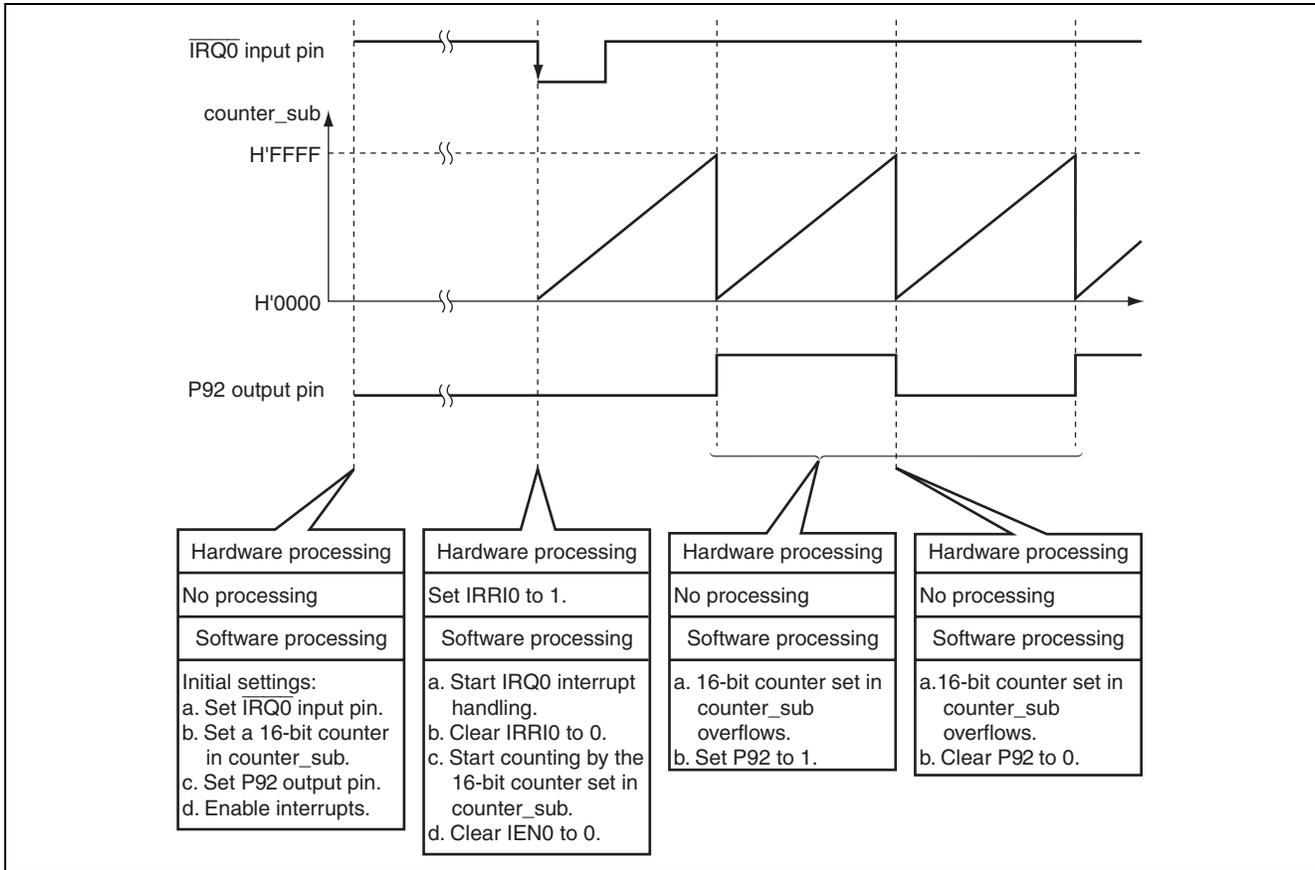


Figure 3.1 Operation Principle of Starting Counter Incrementation by External Interrupt

4. Description of Software

4.1 Modules

Table 4.1 describes the modules in this sample task.

Table 4.1 Description of Modules

Module	Label	Function
Main Routine	main	Sets IRQ0 interrupts, sets LED output pins, enables interrupts, increments the 16-bit counter and outputs to the LED.
Switch On	irq0int	An IRQ0 interrupt handling routine that sets SWONF to 1.

4.2 Arguments

Arguments are not used in this sample task.

4.3 Internal Registers

Table 4.2 describes the internal registers involved in this sample task.

Table 4.2 Description of Internal Registers

Register	Function	Address	Setting
IEGR IEG0	IRQ Edge Select Register (IRQ0 Edge Select) If IEG0 = 0, falling edges of $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin input are detected. If IEG0 = 1, rising edges of $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin input are detected.	H'FFF2 Bit 0	0
IENR1 IEN0	Interrupt Enable Register 1 (IRQ0 Interrupt Enable) If IEN0 = 0, $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin interrupt request is disabled. If IEN0 = 1, $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin interrupt request is enabled.	H'FFF3 Bit 0	1
IRR1 IRRIO	Interrupt Request Register 1 (IRQ0 Interrupt Request Flag) If IRRIO = 0, $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin interrupt is not requested. If IRRIO = 1, $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ pin interrupt has been requested.	H'FFF6 Bit 0	0
PDR9 P92	Port Data Register 9 (Port Data Register 92) If P92 = 0, the output level of P92 pin is Low. If P92 = 1, the output level of P92 pin is High.	H'FFDC Bit 2	0
PMR2 IRQ0	Port Mode Register 2 (P43/IRQ0 pin function switch) If IRQ0 = 0, the P43/IRQ0 pin functions as P43 output pin. If IRQ0 = 1, the P43/IRQ0 pin functions as $\overline{\text{IRQ0}}$ input pin.	H'FFE0 Bit 0	1

4.4 Description of RAM

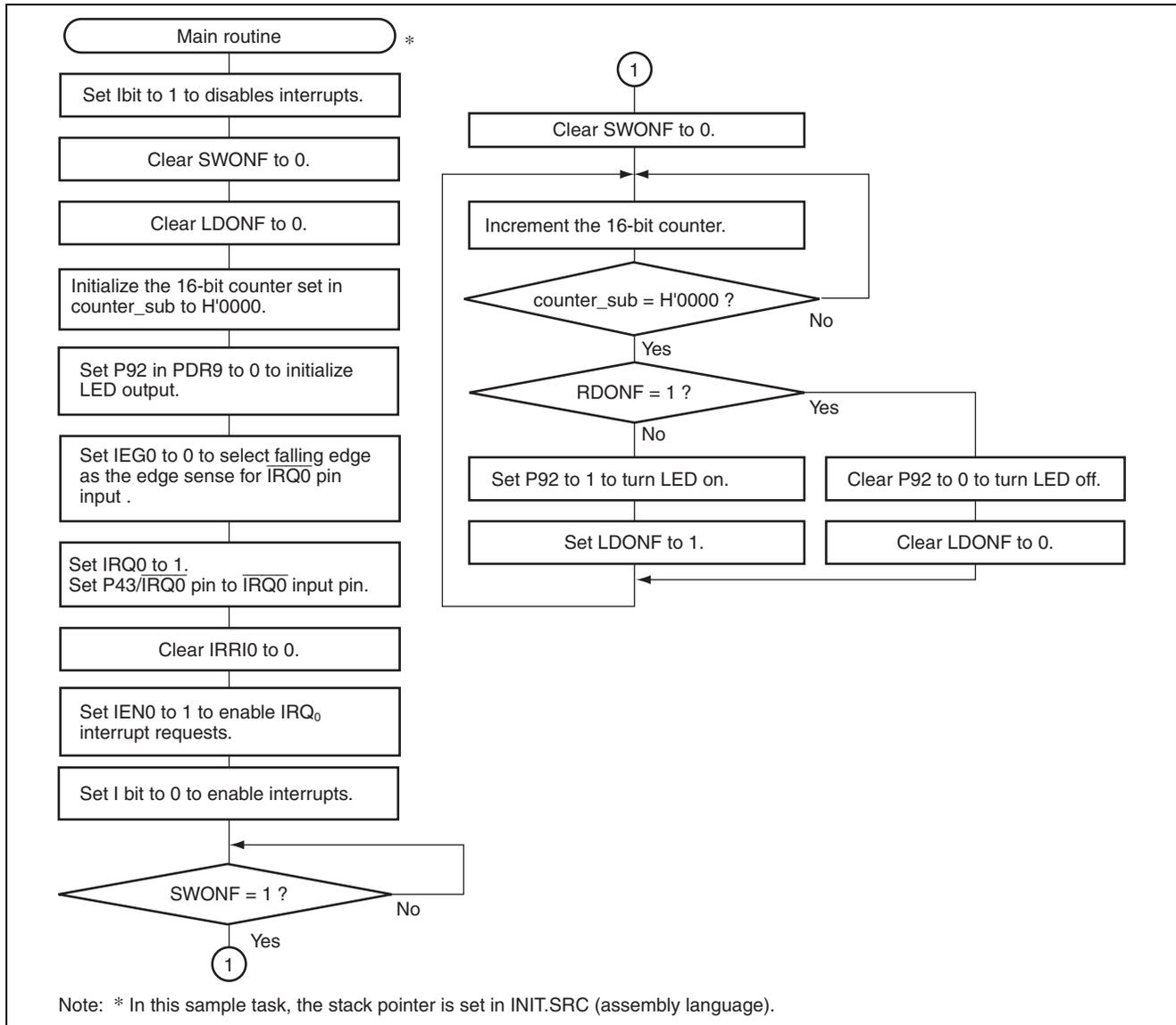
The RAM area used in this sample task are described in table 4.3.

Table 4.3 Description of RAM

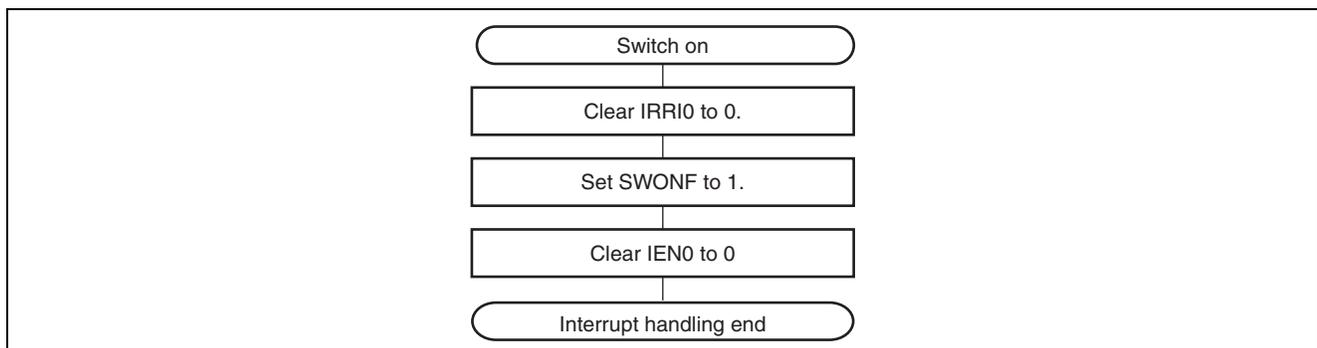
Label	Function	Address	Used in
counter_sub	16-bit up counter	H'FB80	Main Routine
USRF	SWONF	H'FB82 Bit 0	Main Routine Switch On
	LDONF	H'FB82 Bit 1	Main Routine

5. Flowchart

1. Main routine



2. IRQ0 interrupt handling routine



6. Program Listing

INIT.SRC (Program listing)

```

.EXPORT  _INIT
.IMPORT  _main
;
.SECTION P, CODE
_INIT:
MOV.W   #H'FF80,R7
LDC.B   #B'10000000,CCR
JMP     @_main
;
.END

/*****
/*
/* H8/300L Super Low Power Series
/* -H8/38024 Series-
/* Application Note
/*
/* 'Count Start by External Interrupt'
/*
/* Function
/* : External Interrupt
/*
/* External Clock : 10MHz
/* Internal Clock : 5MHz
/* Sub Clock      : 32.768kHz
/*
*****/

#include <machine.h>

/*****
/* Symbol Definition
*****/
struct BIT {
    unsigned char  b7:1;    /* bit7 */
    unsigned char  b6:1;    /* bit6 */
    unsigned char  b5:1;    /* bit5 */
    unsigned char  b4:1;    /* bit4 */
    unsigned char  b3:1;    /* bit3 */
    unsigned char  b2:1;    /* bit2 */
    unsigned char  b1:1;    /* bit1 */
    unsigned char  b0:1;    /* bit0 */
};

#define PDR9_BIT    (*(struct BIT *)0xFFDC)    /* Port Data Register 9 */
#define P92         PDR9_BIT.b2              /* Port Data Register 92 */
#define IEGR1_BIT   (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF2)    /* Interrupt Edge Select Register 1 */
#define IEG0        IEGR1_BIT.b0            /* IEG0 Edge Select */
#define IENR1_BIT   (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF3)    /* Interrupt Enable Register 1 */
#define IEN0        IENR1_BIT.b0            /* IEN0 Interrupt Enable */
#define IRR1_BIT    (*(struct BIT *)0xFFF6)    /* Interrupt Request Register 1 */
#define IRR10       IRR1_BIT.b0             /* IRR10 Interrupt Request Register */
#define PMR2_BIT    (*(struct BIT *)0xFFC9)    /* Port Mode Register 2 */
#define WDCKS       PMR2_BIT.b2             /* Watchdog Timer Source Clock */
#define IRQ0        PMR2_BIT.b0            /* P43/IRQ0 Select */

```

```

#pragma interrupt (irq0int)
/*****
/* Function define */
/*****
extern void INIT ( void ); /* SP Set */
void main ( void );
void irq0int ( void );

/*****
/* RAM define */
/*****
unsigned int counter_sub;
unsigned char USRF; /* User Flag Area */

#define USRF_BIT (*(struct BIT *)&USRF)
#define SWONF USRF_BIT.b0 /* Switch On Flag */
#define LDONF USRF_BIT.b1 /* LED On Flag

/*****
/* Vector Address */
/*****
#pragma section V1 /* Vector Section Set */
void (*const VEC_TBL1[])(void) = {
    INIT /* 0x0000 Reset Vector */
};
#pragma section V2 /* Vector Section Set */
void (*const VEC_TBL2[])(void) = {
    irq0int /* 0x0008 IRQ0 Interrupt Vector */
};

#pragma section /* P */
/*****
/* Main Program */
/*****
void main ( void )
{
    set_imask_ccr(1); /* Interrupt Disable */

    SWONF = 0; /* Initialize SWONF */
    LDONF = 0; /* Initialize LDONF */
    counter_sub = 0x0000; /* Initialize 16bit Counter */

    P92 = 0; /* Initialize LED Output */

    IEG0 = 1; /* Initialize IRQ0 Terminal Input Edge */

    IRQ0 = 1; /* Initialize Input TerminalIRQ0 */

    IRRIO = 0; /* Initialize IRRIO */

    IENO = 1; /* IRQ0 Interrupt Request Enable */

    set_imask_ccr(0); /* Interrupt Enable */

    while(SWONF != 1){ /* SWONF = 0 ? */
        ;
    }
}

```

```

SWONF = 0; /* Clear SWONF */

while(1){
  do{
    counter_sub++; /* Increment 16bit Counter */
  }while(counter_sub != 0x0000); /* 16bit Counter = H'0000 ? */

  if(LDONF == 1){ /* LDONF = 1 ? */
    P92 = 0; /* Turn Off LED */
    LDONF = 0; /* Clear LDONF */
  }
  else{
    P92 = 1; /* Turn On LED */
    LDONF = 1; /* Set LDONF */
  }
}

/*****
/* IRQ0 Interrupt */
*****/
void irq0int ( void )
{
  IRRIO = 0; /* Clear IRRIO */

  SWONF = 1; /* Set SWONF */

  IENO = 0; /* IRQ0 Interrupt Disable */
}

```

Link address specifications

Section Name	Address
CV1	H'0000
CV2	H'001C
P	H'0100
B	H'FB80

Revision Record

Rev.	Date	Description	
		Page	Summary
1.00	Dec.19.03	—	First edition issued

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